



# RS300-E10 Series

**RS300-E10-PS4**

**RS300-E10-RS4**

## 1U Rackmount Server User Guide



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# Safety information

## Electrical Safety

- Before installing or removing signal cables, ensure that the power cables for the system unit and all attached devices are unplugged.
- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing any additional devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your dealer.

## Operation Safety

- Any mechanical operation on this server must be conducted by certified or experienced engineers.
- Before operating the server, carefully read all the manuals included with the server package.
- Before using the server, ensure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If any damage is detected, contact your dealer as soon as possible.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Place the server on a stable surface.



This product is equipped with a three-wire power cable and plug for the user's safety. Use the power cable with a properly grounded electrical outlet to avoid electrical shock.

### Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

**CAUTION!** Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

**CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT**

### Heavy System

**CAUTION!** This server system is heavy. Ask for assistance when moving or carrying the system.

# About this guide

## Audience

This user guide is intended for system integrators, and experienced users with at least basic knowledge of configuring a server.

## Contents

This guide contains the following parts:

**1. Chapter 1: Product Introduction**

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

**2. Chapter 2: Hardware Setup**

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

**3. Chapter 3: Installation Options**

This chapter describes how to install optional components into the barebone server.

**4. Chapter 4: Motherboard Information**

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the server. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

**5. Chapter 5: BIOS Setup**

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

**6. Chapter 6: RAID Configuration**

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

**7. Chapter 7: Driver Installation**

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.



## Conventions

To ensure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



**DANGER/WARNING:** Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



**CAUTION:** Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



**IMPORTANT:** Instructions that you **MUST** follow to complete a task.



**NOTE:** Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

## Typography

### **Bold text**

Indicates a menu or an item to select.

### *Italics*

Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.

### <Key>

Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.

Example: <Enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.

### <Key1>+<Key2>+<Key3>

If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).

Example: <Ctrl>+<Alt>+<Del>

### **Command**

Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.

Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: **format A:/S**

## References

Refer to the following sources for additional information, and for product and software updates.

### 1. **ASUS Control Center (ACC) user guide**

This manual tells how to set up and use the proprietary ASUS server management utility.

### 2. **ASUS websites**

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information for all ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.



# Product Introduction

# 1

This chapter describes the general features of the chassis kit. It includes sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

# 1.1 System package contents

Check your system package for the following items.

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Model Name     | RS300-E10-PS4, RS300-E10-RS4                              |
| Chassis        | ASUS R10E 1U Rackmount Chassis                            |
| Motherboard    | ASUS P11C-C/4L/SYS Server Board                           |
| Component      | 1 x 400W Single Power Supply (RS300-E10-PS4)              |
|                | 1+1 450W Redundant Power Supply (RS300-E10-RS4)           |
|                | 4 x Hot-swap 3.5" HDD trays                               |
|                | 1 x miniSAS HD to miniSAS HD cable                        |
|                | 1 x SAS/SATA Backplane                                    |
| Accessories    | 1 x PCI Express Riser Card                                |
|                | 1 x Front I/O Board                                       |
|                | 4 x System Fans (40 mm x 28 mm)                           |
|                | 1 x RS300-E10 Series Support DVD (with User's Guide)      |
|                | 1 x Bag of Screws   |
| Optional Items | 1 x AC Power Cable (RS300-E10-PS4)                        |
|                | 2 x AC Power Cable (RS300-E10-RS4)                        |
|                | 1 x CPU Heatsink  |
|                | ASUS PIKE II 3008 card                                    |
|                | ASUS PIKE II 3108 card                                    |
| Optional Items | ASUS ASMB9-iKVM Remote management card                    |
|                | Slim-type DVD-ROM/DVD-RW                                  |
|                | Second 450W Redundant Power Supply Module (RS300-E10-RS4) |
|                | Friction Rail Kit   |
|                | Single power supply module                                |
| Optional Items | GPU Card  |



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

## 1.2 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the product's serial number containing 12 characters such as xxS0xxxxxxx shown as the figure below. With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.



### 1.3 System specifications

The ASUS RS300-E10 Series is a 1U barebone server system featuring the ASUS P11C-C/4L/SYS Server Board. The server supports Intel® LGA1151 Intel® Xeon® E-21XX/E-22XX Processor plus other latest technologies through the chipsets onboard.

| Model Name   |  | RS300-E10-RS4   | RS300-E10-PS4 |
|--|--|---|---------------|
| <b>Processor / System Bus</b>                                |  | 1 x Socket LGA1151<br>Intel® Xeon® processor E-21xx/E-22xx product family<br>Intel® 8th/9th Generation Core™ i3 processors<br>Intel® Pentium™ processors<br>Intel® Celeron™ processors  |               |
| <b>Core Logic</b>  |  | Intel® C242 Chipset   |               |
| <b>Memory</b>  | <b>Total Slots</b>                                   | 4 (2 Channels)  |               |
|  | <b>Capacity</b>                                      | Maximum up to 128GB (UDIMM)   |               |
|  | <b>Memory Type</b>                                   | DDR4 2666 / 2400 ECC / non-ECC UDIMM<br>* Refer to ASUS server AVL for the latest update  |               |
|  | <b>Memory Size</b>                                   | 32GB, 16GB, 8GB, 4GB (UDIMM)<br>* Refer to ASUS server AVL for the latest update  |               |
| <b>Expansion Slots</b>                                       | <b>Total PCI/PCI-X / PCI-E Slots</b>                 | 2   |               |
|  | <b>Slot Type</b>                                     | 1 x PCI-E x16 (x8 Gen3 Link)<br>1 x PCI-E x8 (x8 Gen3 Link)   |               |
| <b>Disk Controller</b>                                       | <b>SATA Controller</b>                               | <b>Intel® C242</b><br>6 x SATA 6Gb/s ports (4 by miniSAS HD) with 2 x M.2 (NGFF 22110/2280/2260/2242, PCI-E NGFF1 x2 link, NGFF2 x1 link or SATA signal, gray SATA port will disabled when M.2 is SATA signal)<br>Intel® RSTe (Windows & Linux)<br>(Supports software RAID 0, 1, 10, & 5) |               |
|  | <b>SAS Controller</b>                                | <b>Optional:</b><br>ASUS PIKE II 3008-8i 8-port SAS 12G RAID card<br>ASUS PIKE II 3108-8i 16-port SAS 12G HW RAID card<br>ASUS PIKE II 3108-8i 16-port 2G SAS 12G HW RAID card  |               |
| <b>Storage Bays</b>  | <b>I = internal<br/>A or S will be hot-swappable</b> | 4 x 3.5" Hot-Swap HDD Bays<br>2 x 2.5" Internal SSD Bays<br>2 x M.2 (NGFF 22110/2280/2260/2242)   |               |
| <b>Networking</b>  | <b>LAN</b>   | 4 x Intel® I210AT + 1 x Mgmt LAN  |               |
| <b>Graphic</b>   | <b>VGA</b>   | Aspeed AST2500 32MB   |               |
| <b>Auxiliary Storage Device Bay (Floppy / Optical Drive)</b> |  | 1 x Slim-type Optical Drive Bay<br>Options: No Device / DVD-RW / DVD ROM  |               |
| <b>Front I/O Ports</b>                                       |  | 2 x USB 3.0 ports<br>1 x VGA port*<br>* The system supports a total of 1 VGA output only. The front VGA port is designed for connecting a VGA device during debugging only.   |               |

(continued on the next page)

| Model Name  |                               | RS300-E10-RS4  | RS300-E10-PS4   |
|---|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Rear I/O Ports  |                               | 2 x USB 3.1 ports<br>2 x USB 3.0 ports<br>1 x VGA port<br>4 x RJ-45 ports<br>1 x RJ-45 port (One for ASMB9-iKVM) (Optional)  | 2 x USB 3.1 ports<br>2 x USB 3.0 ports<br>1 x VGA port<br>1 x External Serial Port<br>4 x RJ-45 ports<br>1 x RJ-45 port (One for ASMB9-iKVM) (Optional) |
| Switch/LED  |                               | <b>Rear Switch/LED:</b><br>1 x Q-Code/Port 80 LED<br>1 x Power switch<br><b>Front Switch/LED:</b><br>1 x Power switch/LED<br>1 x Location switch/LED<br>1 x Reset switch<br>1 x HDD Access LED<br>1 x Message LED<br>LAN 1-4 LED |   |
| OS Support  |                               | Please find the latest OS support from <a href="http://www.asus.com/">http://www.asus.com/</a>   |   |
| Management Solution   | Software                      | ASUS Control Center  |   |
|   | Out of Band Remote Management | Optional ASMB9-iKVM for KVM-over-IP  |   |
| Regulatory Compliance   |                               | BSMI, CE, C-TICK, FCC, CCC (Class A)   |   |
| Dimension (HH x WW x DD)                                      |                               | 615mm x 444mm x 44mm (1U)<br>(24.21" x 17.48" x 1.73")   |   |
| Net Weight Kg (CPU, DRAM & HDD not included)                  |                               | 18.99 Kg   | 17.16 Kg  |
| Power Supply<br>(following different configuration by region) |                               | 1+1 Redundant 450W 80 PLUS Gold Power Supply<br>Rating: 100-127/200-240Vac, 5.5A/3A (for each inlet), 50-60Hz, Class 1   | Single 400W 80 PLUS Gold Power Supply<br>Rating: 100-240Vac, 6A-3A 50-60Hz, Class 1   |
| Environment   |                               | Operating temperature: 10°C ~ 35°C<br>Non operating temperature: -40°C ~ 70°C<br>Non operating humidity: 20% ~ 90% ( Non condensing)   |   |

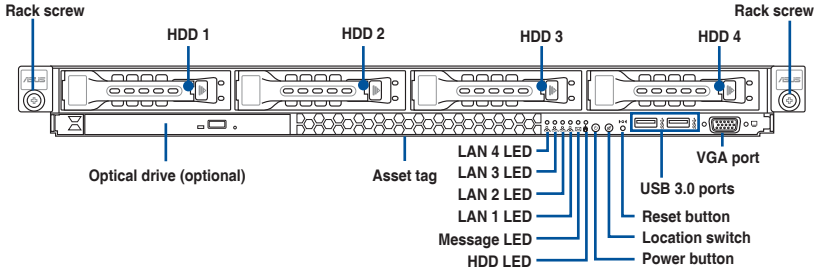
\*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## 1.4 Front panel features

The barebone server displays a simple yet stylish front panel with easily accessible features. The power and reset buttons, LED indicators, slim type optical drive, and two USB ports are located on the front panel.



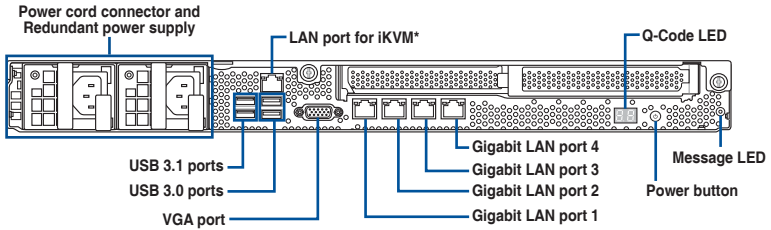
Refer to the **Front panel LEDs** section for the LED descriptions.



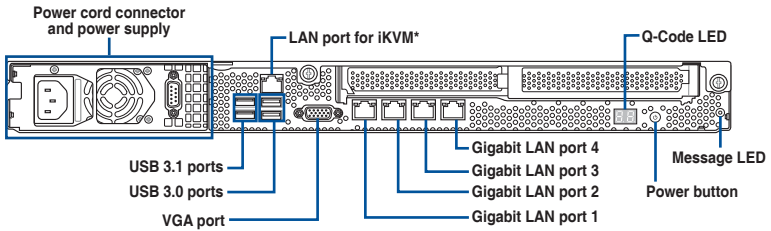
## 1.5 Rear panel features

The rear panel includes the expansion slots, system power socket, and rear fans. The middle part includes the I/O shield with openings for the rear panel connectors on the motherboard.

### RS300-E10-RS4



### RS300-E10-PS4



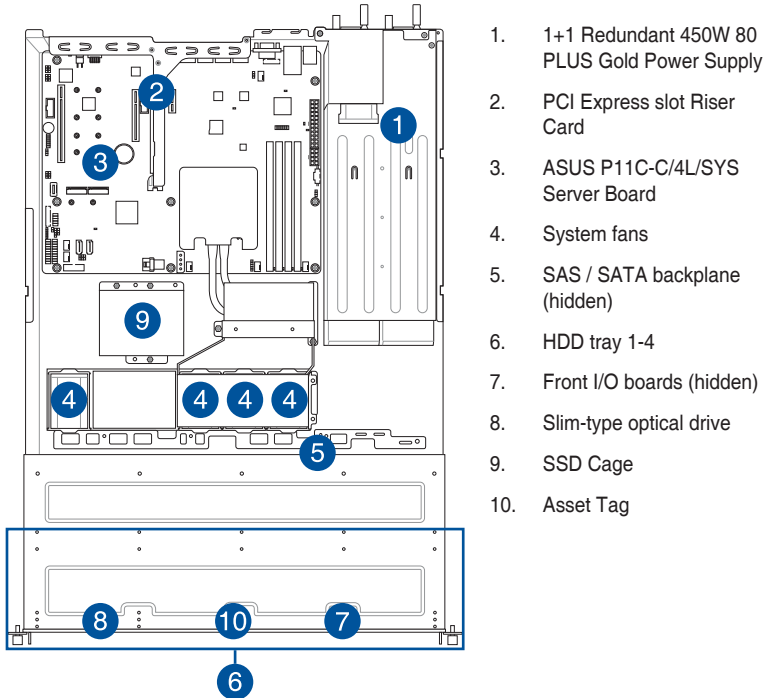
\*This port is for ASUS ASMB9-iKVM controller card only.



## 1.6 Internal features

The barebone server includes the basic components as shown.

### RS300-E10-RS4



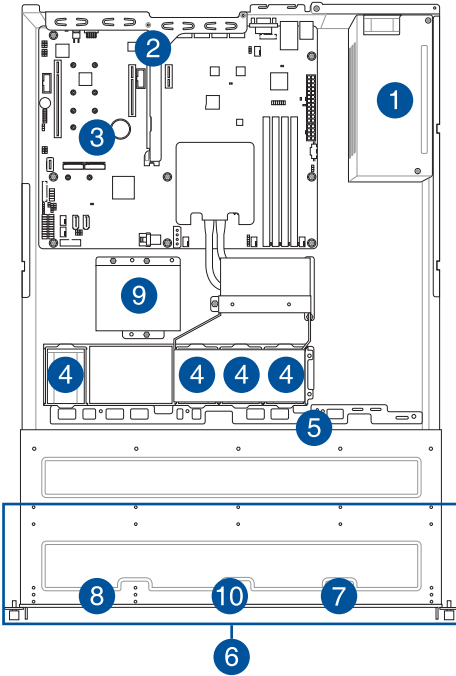
The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive. Connect a USB floppy disk drive to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk.



Turn off the system power and detach the power supply before removing or replacing any system component.

**WARNING**  
**HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS**  
**KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY**

# RS300-E10-PS4



1. Single 400W 80 PLUS Gold Power Supply
2. PCI Express slot Riser Card
3. ASUS P11C-C/4L/SYS Server Board
4. System fans
5. SAS / SATA backplane (hidden)
6. HDD tray 1-4
7. Front I/O boards (hidden)
8. Slim-type optical drive
9. SSD Cage
10. Asset Tag



The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive. Connect a USB floppy disk drive to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk.

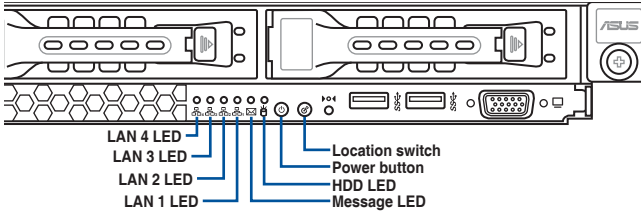


Turn off the system power and detach the power supply before removing or replacing any system component.

**WARNING**  
**HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS**  
**KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY**

## 1.7 LED information

### 1.7.1 Front panel LEDs

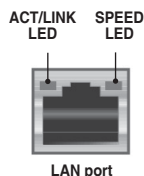


| LED            | Icon | Display status        | Description  |
|----------------|------|-----------------------|--|
| Power LED      |      | ON                    | System power ON  |
| HDD Access LED |      | OFF<br>Blinking       | No activity<br>Read/write data into the HDD  |
| Message LED    |      | OFF<br>ON             | System is normal; no incoming event<br>A hardware monitor event is indicated                 |
| Location LED   |      | OFF<br>ON             | Normal status<br>Location switch is pressed<br>(Press the location switch again to turn off) |
| LAN LEDs       |      | OFF<br>Blinking<br>ON | No LAN connection<br>LAN is transmitting or receiving data<br>LAN connection is present      |

## 1.7.2 LAN (RJ-45) LEDs

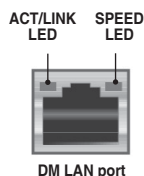
### LAN port LED indications

| Activity/Link LED |               | Speed LED |                     |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Status            | Description   | Status    | Description         |
| OFF               | No link       | OFF       | 10 Mbps connection  |
| GREEN             | Linked        | YELLOW    | 100 Mbps connection |
| BLINKING          | Data activity | GREEN     | 1 Gbps connection   |

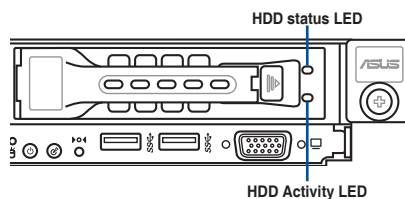


### Dedicated Management LAN port (DM\_LAN1) LED indications

| Activity/Link LED |               | Speed LED |                     |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Status            | Description   | Status    | Description         |
| OFF               | No link       | OFF       | 10 Mbps connection  |
| YELLOW            | Linked        | ORANGE    | 100 Mbps connection |
| BLINKING          | Data activity | GREEN     | 1 Gbps connection   |



## 1.7.3 HDD status LED



| SATA/SAS HDD LED Description |               |          |  |
|------------------------------|---------------|----------|--|
| HDD Status LED               | GREEN         | ON       | SATA/SAS HDD power ON                            |
|                              | RED           | ON       | HDD has failed and should be swapped immediately |
|                              | GREEN/<br>RED | Blinking | RAID rebuilding                                  |
|                              | GREEN/<br>RED | OFF      | HDD not found                                    |
| HDD Activity LED             | GREEN         | Blinking | Read/write data from/into the SATA/SAS HDD       |

# Hardware Information

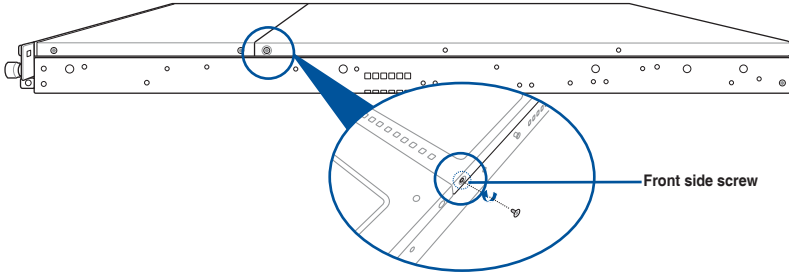
# 2

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

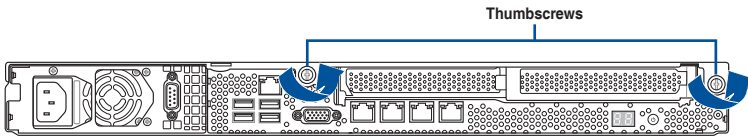
# 2.1 Chassis cover

## Removing the rear cover

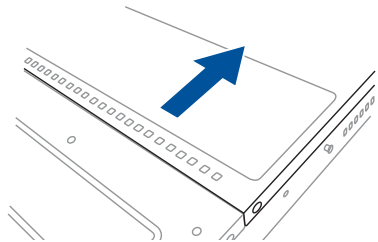
1. Locate and remove the front side screws.



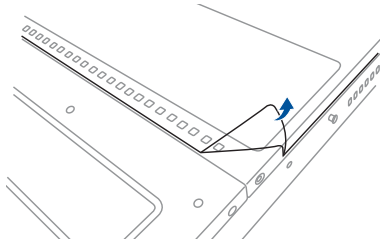
2. Loosen the two thumbscrews on the rear panel to release the rear cover from the chassis.



3. Firmly hold the cover and slide it toward the rear panel for about half an inch until it is disengaged from the chassis.
4. Lift the cover from the chassis.
5. To reattach the rear cover, reverse step 1 to 4.



A protection film is pre-attached to the system cover before shipping. Please remove the protection film before turning on the system for proper heat dissipation.



## 2.2 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA1151 socket designed for the Intel® Xeon® E-21XX/E-22XX product family and Intel® 8th/9th Generation Core™ i3 processors.



Ensure that you install the correct CPU designed for LGA1151 socket only. DO NOT install a CPU designed for other sockets on the LGA1151 socket.

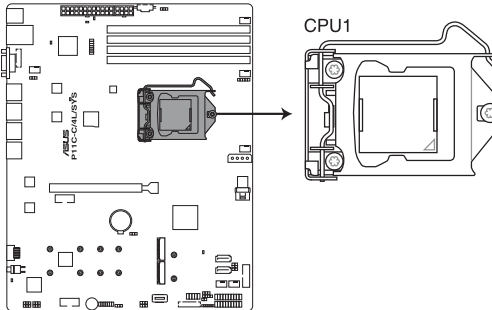


- Ensure that all power cables are unplugged before installing the CPU.
- Upon purchase of the server system, ensure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

### 2.2.1 Installing the CPU

To install the CPU:

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS CPU LGA1151**

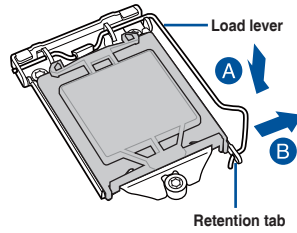


Before installing the CPU, ensure that the socket box is facing toward you and the load lever is on your right.

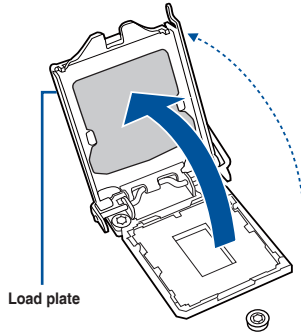
2. Press the load lever with your thumb (A), then move it to the right (B) until it is released from the retention tab.



Do not remove the PnP cap yet from the CPU socket. Doing so may bend the pins of the socket.



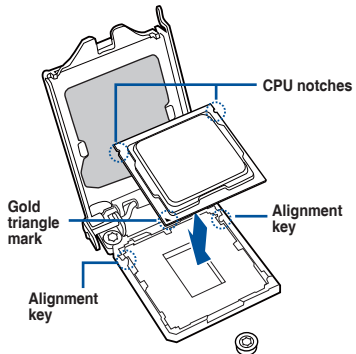
3. Lift the load lever until the load plate is completely lifted.



4. Position the CPU above the socket, ensuring that the gold triangle mark is on the bottom-left corner of the socket, then fit the CPU notches to the socket's alignment keys.

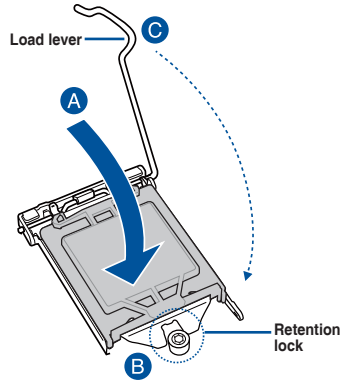


The CPU fits in only one orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the pins on the socket and damaging the CPU.

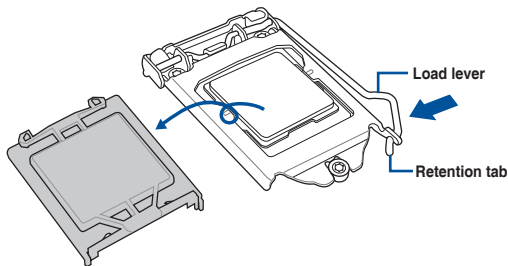




5. Close the load plate (A), ensuring that the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention lock (B) then push down the load lever (C).



6. Insert the load lever under the retention tab to remove the PnP cap from the CPU socket.



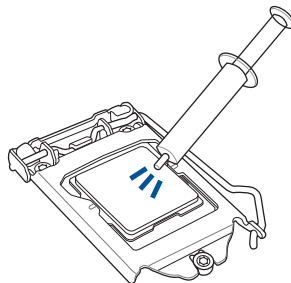
7. Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with, ensuring that it is evenly spread in a thin layer.



Some heatsinks come with pre-applied Thermal Interface Material. If so, skip this step.



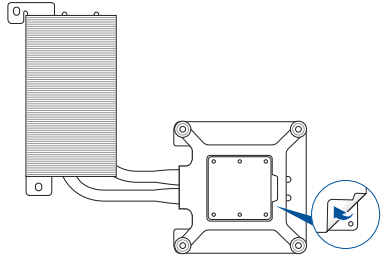
The Thermal Interface Material is toxic and inedible. DO NOT eat it. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, wash it off immediately and seek professional medical help.



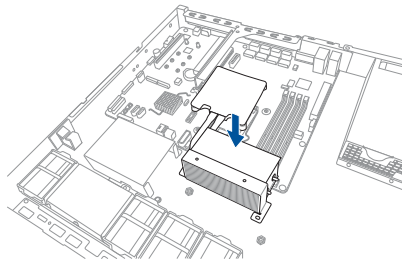
## 2.2.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and airduct

To install the CPU heatsink:

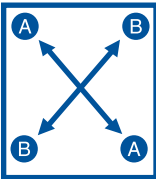
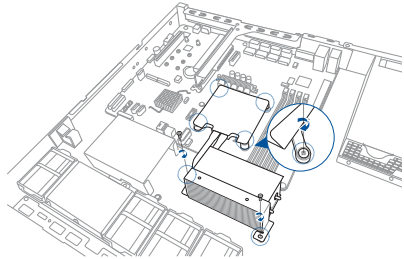
1. Remove the protection sticker on the back of the CPU heatsink.



2. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, ensuring that the four fasteners match the holes on the motherboard.

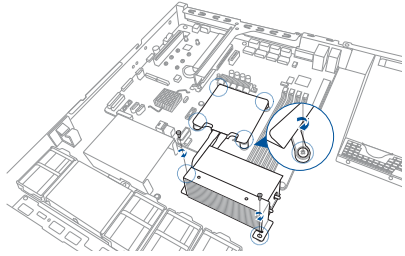


3. Twist each of the four screws with a Phillips (cross) screwdriver just enough to attach the heatsink to the motherboard. When the four screws are attached, tighten them one by one to completely secure the heatsink.

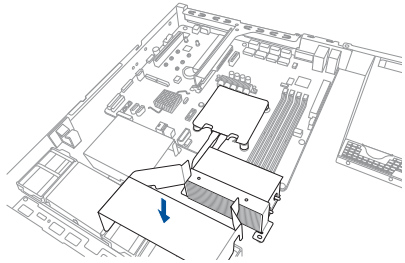


- Tighten the four heatsink screws in a diagonal sequence.
- Do not remove the mylar on the heatsink.

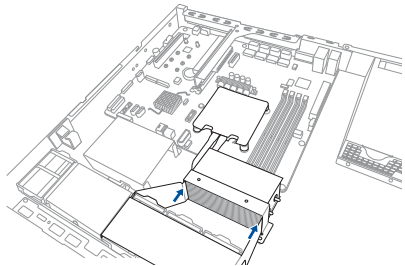
4. Secure the heat pipe and air duct to the server with two screws.



5. Insert the system fan mylar into the system fan, as shown in the right figure.



6. Insert the two tips of the system fan mylar into the CPU heatsink, as shown in the right figure.



## 2.3 System memory

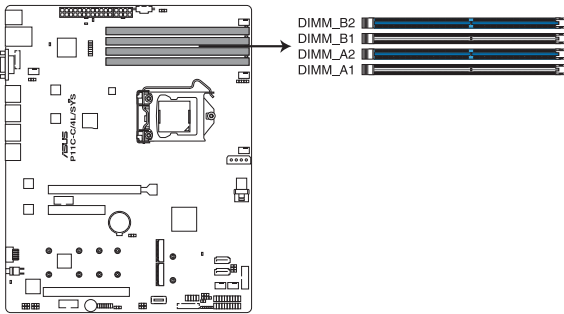
### 2.3.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with four Double Data Rate 4 (DDR4) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.



A DDR4 module is notched differently from a DDR, DDR2, or DDR3 module. DO NOT install a DDR, DDR2, or DDR3 memory module to the DDR4 slot.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR4 DIMM sockets:



**P11C-C/4L/SYS 288-pin DDR4 DIMM sockets**

### 2.3.2 Memory configurations

You may install Unbuffered DDR4 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.

| UDIMM                 |                            |               |           |                        |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------------------|
| DIMM Slot Per Channel | DIMM Populated per Channel | DIMM Type     | Speed     | Rank per DIMM          |
| 2                     | 1                          | ECC / non-ECC | 2666/2400 | Single Rank, Dual Rank |
| 2                     | 2                          | ECC / non-ECC | 2666/2400 | Single Rank, Dual Rank |



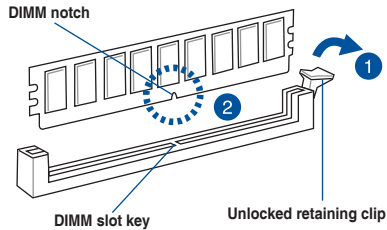
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.
- Start installing the DIMMs in slots A2 and B2 (Blue).

### 2.3.3 Installing a DIMM on a single clip DIMM socket



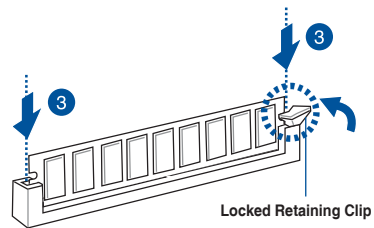
Ensure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clip outward.
2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the DIMM slot key on the socket.



A DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. **DO NOT** force a DIMM into a socket in the wrong direction to avoid damaging the DIMM.

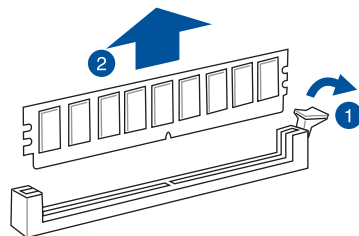
3. Hold the DIMM by both of its ends then insert the DIMM vertically into the socket. Apply force to both ends of the DIMM simultaneously until the retaining clip snaps back into place and the DIMM cannot be pushed in any further to ensure proper sitting of the DIMM.



Always insert the DIMM into the socket vertically to prevent DIMM notch damage.

### Removing a DIMM from a single clip DIMM socket

1. Press the retaining clip outward to unlock the DIMM.
2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

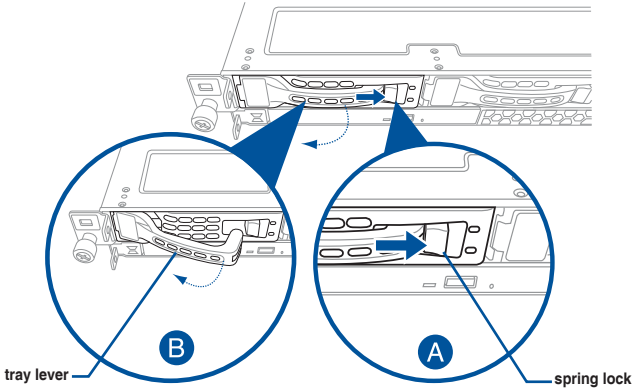


Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

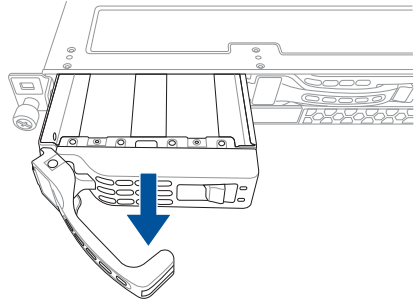
## 2.4 Hard disk drives

The system supports four hot-swap SATA/SAS hard disk drives. The hard disk drive installed on the drive tray connects to the motherboard SATA/SAS ports via the SATA/SAS backplane. To install a 3.5" hot-swap SATA/SAS HDD:

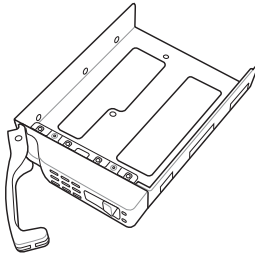
1. Push the spring lock to the right (A) then pull the tray lever outward (B) to release the drive tray. The drive tray ejects slightly after you pull out the lever.



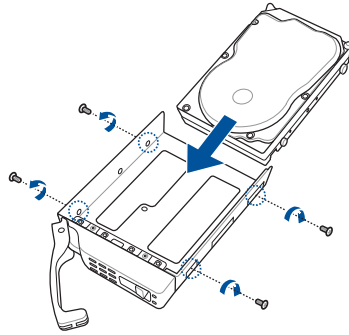
2. Firmly hold the tray lever and pull the drive tray out of the bay.



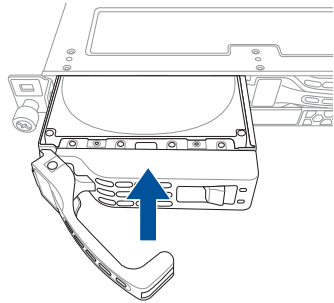
3. Place the drive tray on a flat and stable surface.
4. Prepare the SATA/SAS HDD and the bundled set of screws.



5. Place the 3.5" SATA/SAS HDD into the tray then secure it with four screws.



6. Insert the drive tray and HDD assembly all the way into the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of the tray edge protrudes.



---

When installed, the SATA/SAS connector on the drive connects to the SATA/SAS interface on the backplane.

---

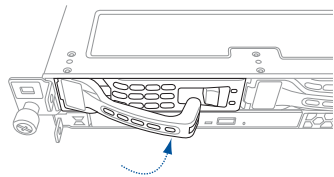
7. Push the tray lever until it clicks and secures the drive tray in place.



---

The drive tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.

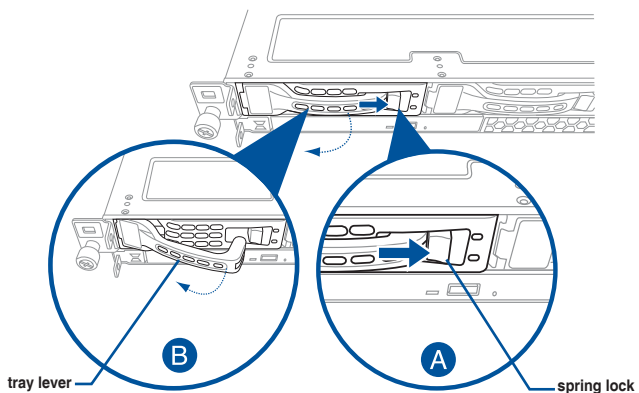
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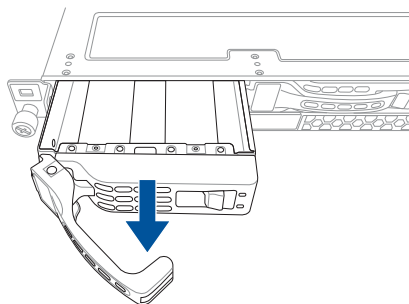
8. Repeat steps 1 to 7 to install the other SATA/SAS HDDs.

To install a 2.5" storage device to the front panel:

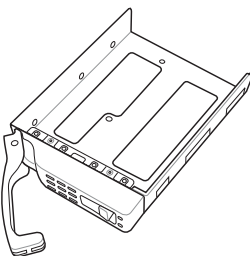
1. Push the spring lock to the right (A) then pull the tray lever outward (B) to release the drive tray. The drive tray ejects slightly after you pull out the lever.



2. Firmly hold the tray lever and pull the tray out of the bay.

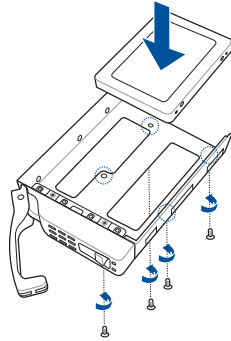


3. Place the tray on a flat and stable surface.
4. Prepare the 2.5" storage device and the bundled set of screws.

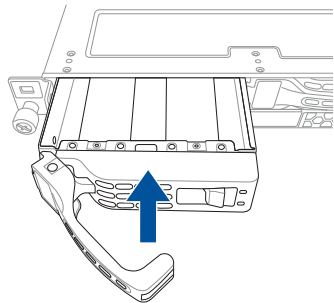




5. Place the 2.5" storage device into the tray then secure it with four screws.



6. Insert the tray and storage device assembly all the way into the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of the tray edge protrudes.

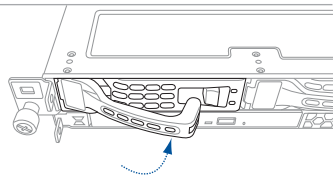


When installed, the SATA/NVMe connector on the storage device connects to the SATA/NVMe interface on the backplane.

7. Push the tray lever until it clicks and secures the tray in place.



The tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.



8. Repeat steps 1 to 7 to install the other storage devices.

## 2.5 Expansion slot

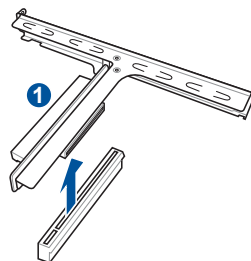
The barebone server comes with two PCIe slots - PCIe1 and PCIe2. These slots are pre-installed with a riser card bracket and a butterfly riser card bracket for installing PCIe expansion cards. You need to remove these expansion card brackets if you want to install PCIe expansion cards.

### 2.5.1 Installing an expansion card to the PCIe1 slot

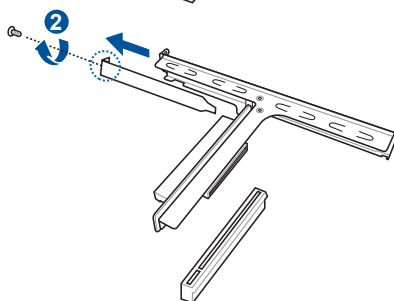
The pre-installed riser card bracket on the PCIe1 slot supports Full-Height (FH), Half-Length (HL) PCIe x16 expansion cards.

To install a PCIe x16 (Gen3 x16 link), FH, HL card on the riser card bracket:

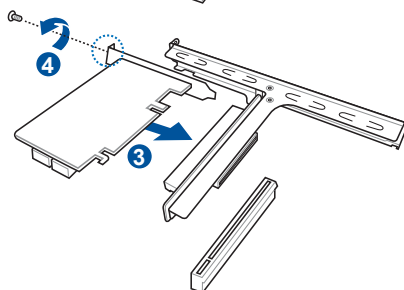
1. Firmly hold the riser card bracket, then pull it up to detach it from the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



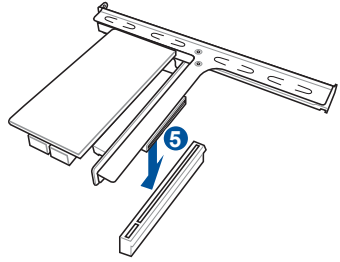
2. Place the riser card bracket on a flat and stable surface, then remove the screw from the slot bay.



3. Install a PCI Express x8 or x16 card to the bracket as shown.
4. Secure the card with a screw.



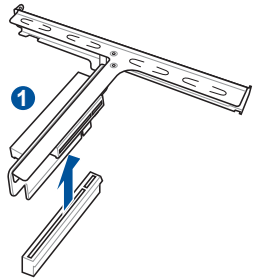
5. Install the riser card bracket and PCI Express card assembly back into the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



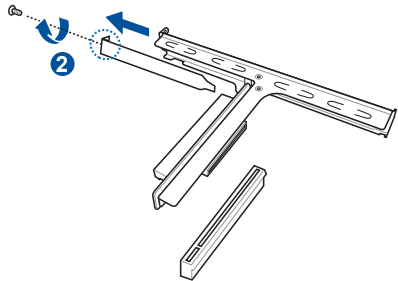
## 2.5.2 Installing a standard GPU card to the PCIE1 slot

To install a GPU card on the riser card bracket:

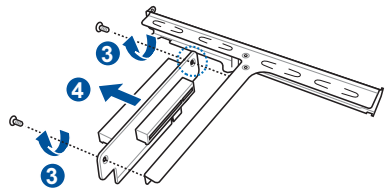
1. Firmly hold the riser card bracket, then pull it up to detach it from the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



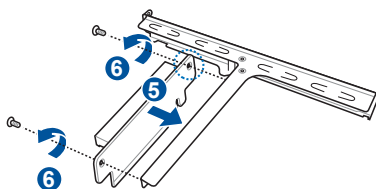
2. Place the riser card bracket on a flat and stable surface, then remove the screw from the slot bay.



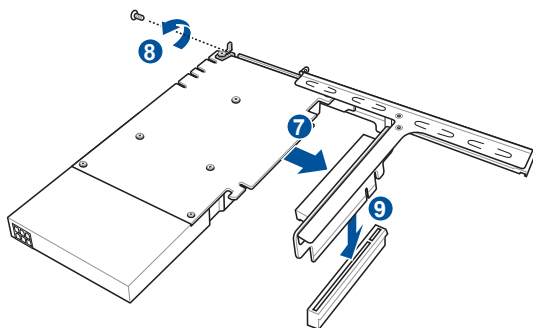
3. Remove the screws that secure the double PCIE slot PCB to the riser card bracket.
4. Remove the double PCIE slot PCB from the riser card bracket.



5. Align and install the single PCIe slot PCB into the riser card bracket.
6. Secure the single PCIe slot PCB to the riser card bracket with the screws removed earlier.



7. Install a GPU card to the bracket as shown.
8. Secure the GPU card with a screw.
9. Install the riser card bracket and GPU card assembly back into the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.

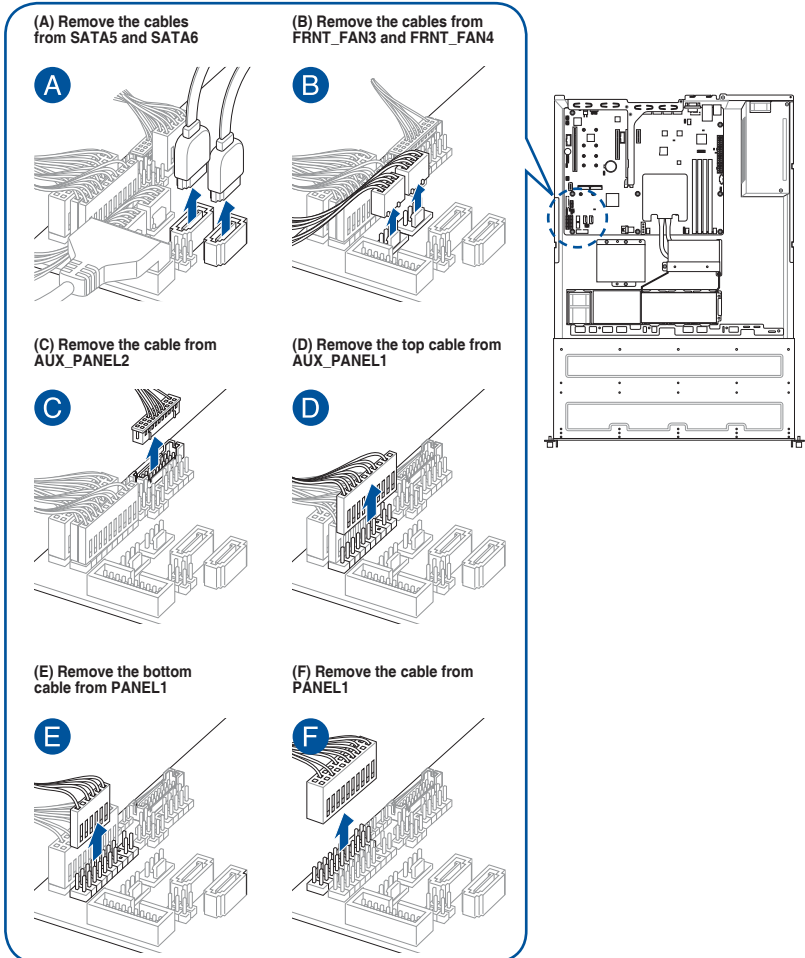


## 2.5.3 Installing a large GPU card to the PCIe1 slot

For larger GPU cards (such as the NVIDIA Quadro P4000 GPU cards), some internal cables will need to be removed (some feature disabled) to accommodate the larger GPU card.

To install a large GPU card to the PCIe1 slot:

1. Remove the cables from your server system as shown below.



2. Install the large GPU card to the PCIe1 slot.



Refer to section 2.5.2 **Installing a standard GPU card to the PCIe1 slot** for the steps on installing a standard GPU card to the PCIe1 slot.

## 2.5.4 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the following tables.
3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.



---

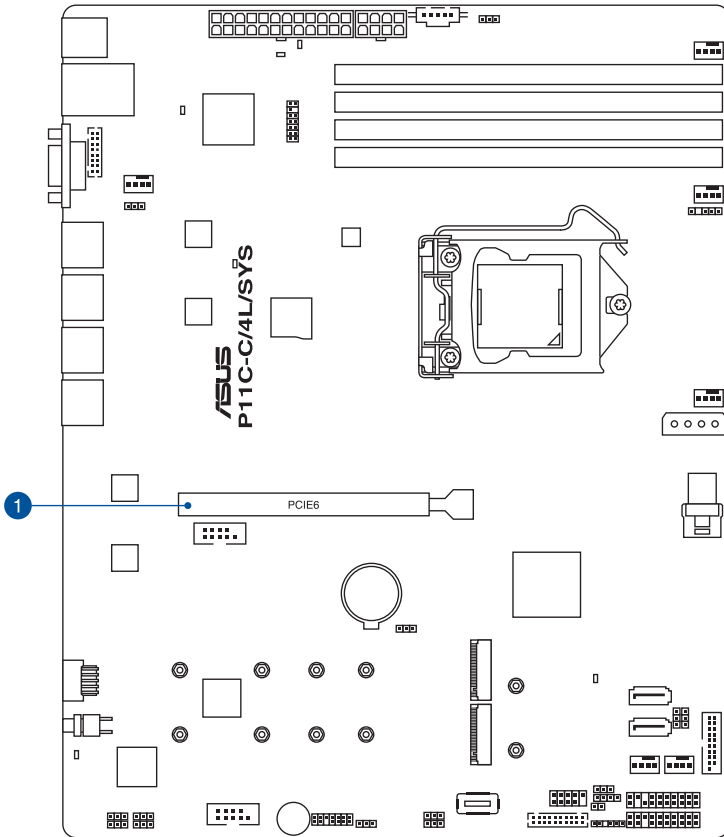
When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support "Share IRQ" or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

---

### Standard Interrupt assignments

| IRQ | Priority | Standard function           |
|-----|----------|-----------------------------|
| 0   | 1        | System Timer                |
| 1   | 2        | Keyboard Controller         |
| 2   | -        | Programmable Interrupt      |
| 3*  | 11       | Communications Port (COM2)  |
| 4*  | 12       | Communications Port (COM1)  |
| 5*  | 13       | --                          |
| 6   | 14       | Floppy Disk Controller      |
| 7*  | 15       | --                          |
| 8   | 3        | System CMOS/Real Time Clock |
| 9*  | 4        | ACPI Mode when used         |
| 10* | 5        | IRQ Holder for PCI Steering |
| 11* | 6        | IRQ Holder for PCI Steering |
| 12* | 7        | PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port  |
| 13  | 8        | Numeric Data Processor      |
| 14* | 9        | Primary IDE Channel         |
| 15* | 10       | Secondary IDE Channel       |

\* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

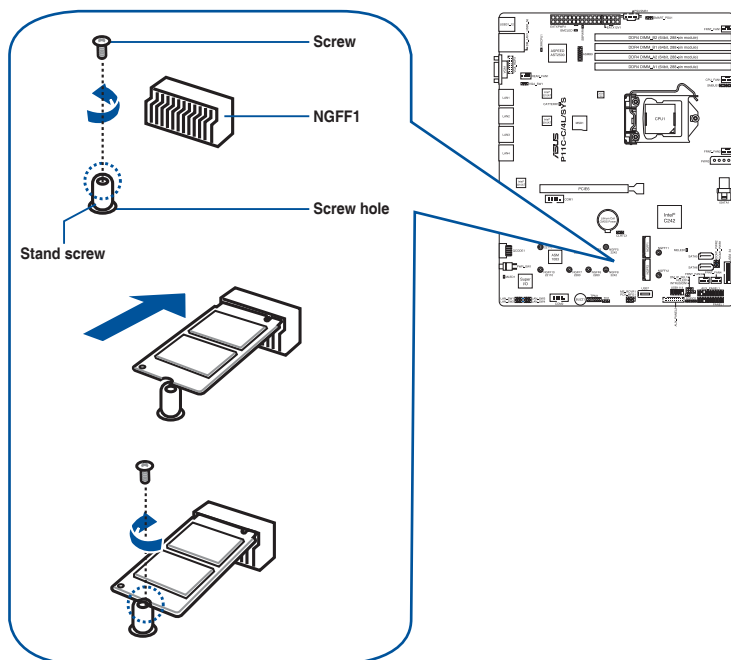


| No.(Slot location) |          | Short Description |                           |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 2                  | (slot 6) | PCI-E6            | PCI-E x16 (x16 Gen3 link) |

## 2.5.5 Installing M.2 (NGFF) cards

To install an M.2 card:

1. Locate the M.2 connector (NGFF1) on the motherboard.
2. Remove the screw on the stand screw.
3. Prepare the M.2 card.
4. Align and insert the M.2 card into the M.2 connector (NGFF1).
5. Secure the M.2 card with the screw you removed in step 2.



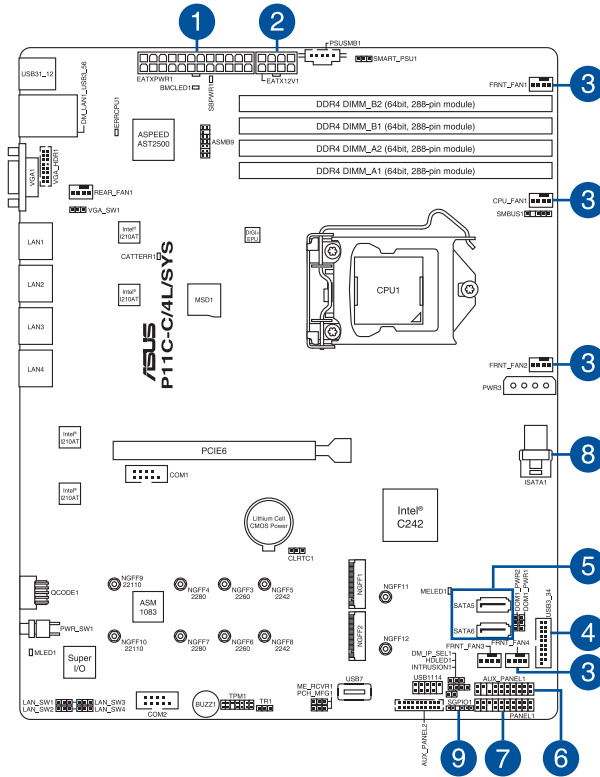
- Please pay attention when removing the screw, the stand screw might be removed together with it.
- Ensure that the M.2 card is positioned between the screw and the stand screw before securing it.



## 2.6 Cable connections



- The bundled system cables are pre-connected before shipment. You do not need to disconnect these cables unless you will remove pre-installed components to install additional devices.
- Refer to Chapter 4 for detailed information on the connectors.

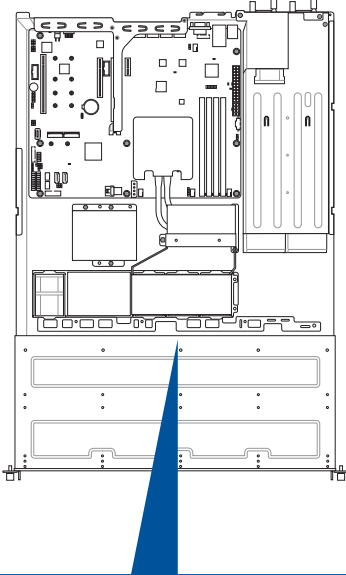


### Pre-connected system cables

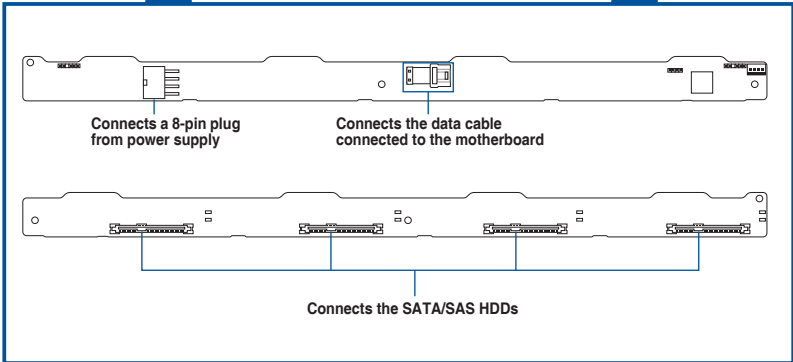
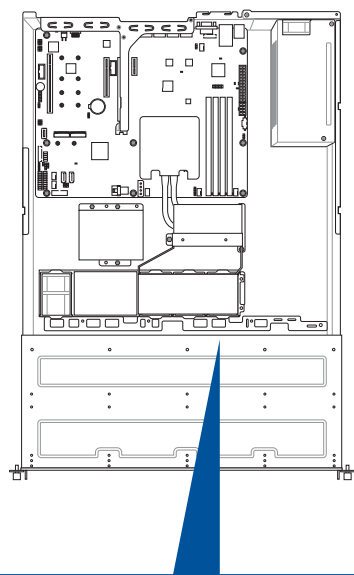
1. 24-pin ATX power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
2. 8-pin 12V power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
3. System fan connector (from motherboard to system fan)
4. USB connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
5. SATA connectors (system default; from motherboard to SATA/SAS backplane)
6. System auxiliary panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
7. System panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
8. Mini-SAS HD connector (from motherboard to SATA/SAS backplane)
9. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connectors

## 2.7 SATA/SAS backplane cabling

RS300-E10-RS4



RS300-E10-PS4



## 2.8 Removable/Optional components

You may need to remove previously installed system components when installing or removing system devices. Or you may need to install the optional components into the system. This section tells how to remove/install the following components:

1. System fans
2. ASUS PIKE II RAID card (optional)
3. ASUS ASMB9-iKVM (optional)
4. SSD cage



Ensure that the system is turned off before removing any components.

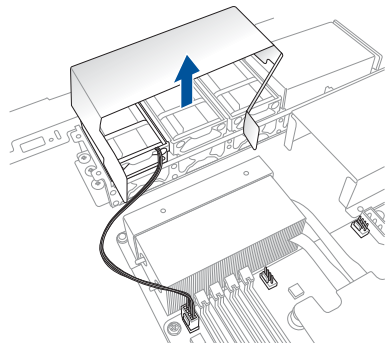
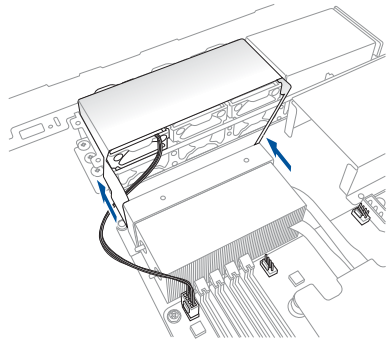


You may need to remove previously installed component or factory shipped components when installing optional components.

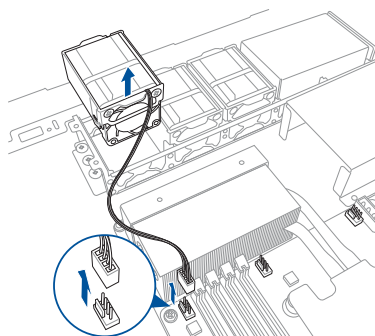
### 2.8.1 System fans

To uninstall the system fans:

1. Remove the two tips of the system fan mylar out of the CPU heatsink, as shown in the right figure.
2. Remove the system fan mylar out of the system fan, as shown in the right figure.



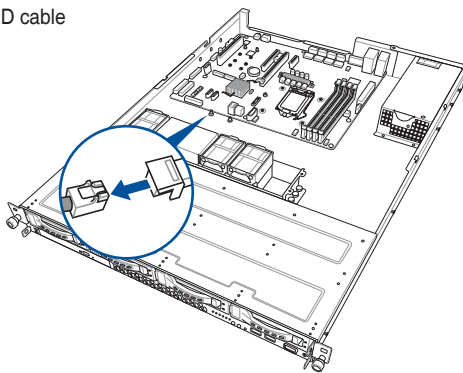
3. Disconnect the system fan cable from the fan connector on the motherboard.
4. Lift the fan, then set aside.
5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 to uninstall the other system fans.



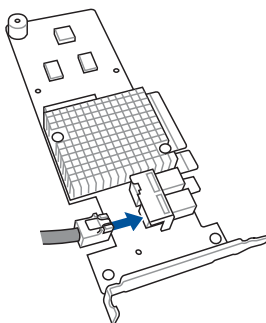
## 2.8.2 Installing ASUS PIKE II RAID card (optional)

Follow the steps below to install an optional ASUS RAID card on your motherboard.

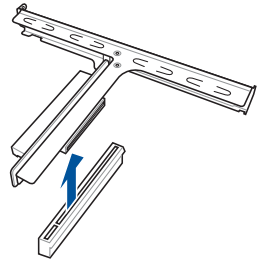
1. Remove the default mini-SAS HD cable from the motherboard.



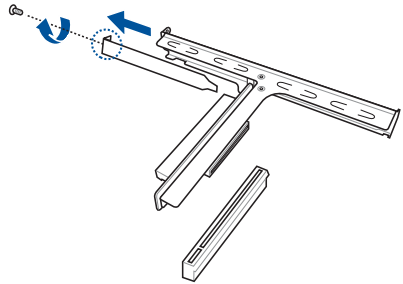
2. Connect the mini-SAS HD cable to the ASUS PIKE II card.



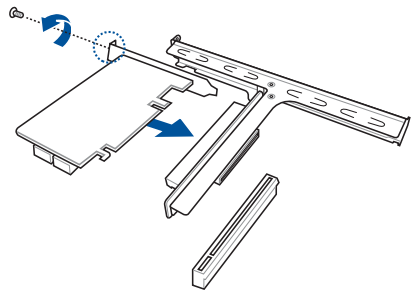
3. Firmly hold the riser card bracket, then pull it up to detach it from the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



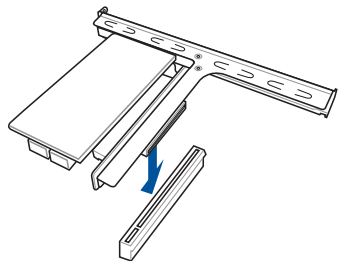
4. Place the riser card bracket on a flat and stable surface, then remove the screw from the slot bay.



5. Install the ASUS PIKE II card x8 or x16 card to the bracket as shown.
6. Secure the card with a screw.



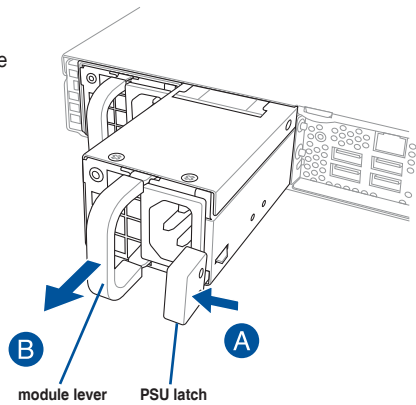
7. Install the riser card bracket and PCI Express card assembly back into the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



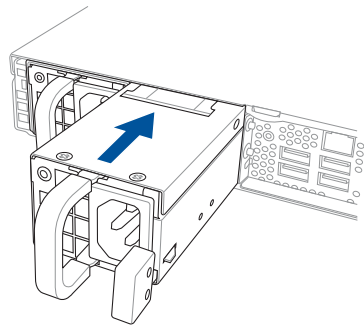
## 2.8.3 Redundant power supply module

To replace a failed redundant power supply module:

1. Hold the power supply module lever and press the PSU latch (A) then pull the power supply module (B) out of the system chassis.



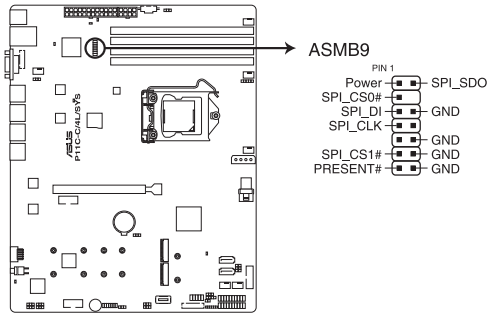
2. Get the replacement power supply module.
3. Insert the replacement power supply module into the chassis then push it inwards until the latch locks into place.



## 2.8.4 Installing the Baseboard Management Card (optional)

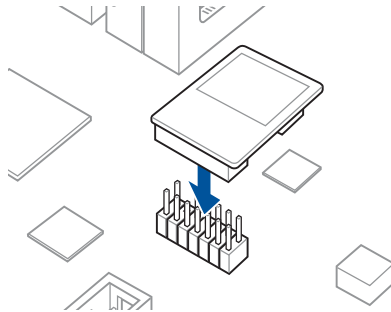
Follow the steps below to install an optional ASMB9 management card on your motherboard.

1. Locate the Baseboard Management Card header on the motherboard.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS BMC connector**

2. Orient and press the Management Card in place.

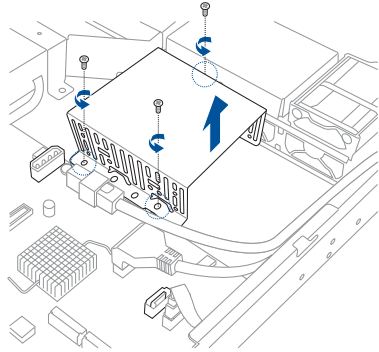


The motherboard illustration is for reference only. The motherboard layout and appearance may vary depending on the model, but the installation steps remain the same.

## 2.8.5 Installing the SSD cage

Follow the steps below to install the SSD cage on your server module.

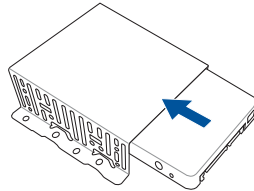
1. Remove the three screws on the side of the SSD cage.
2. Lift the SSD cage and set aside.



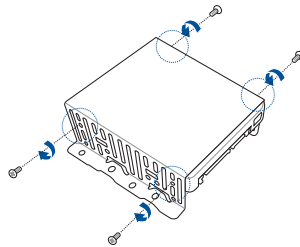
3. With the SSD cage resting on a flat surface, insert the SSD card into the SSD cage.



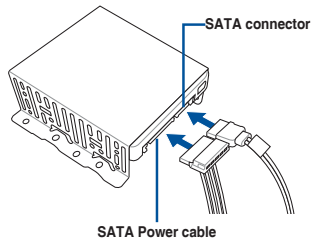
- The SSD Card fits in one orientation only.
- You can place two SSD cards into the SSD cage.



4. Secure the SSD card into the SSD cage with the bundled screws.

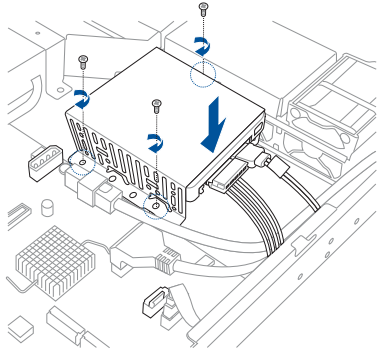


5. Connect the SATA power cable and the SATA connector to the SSD card.





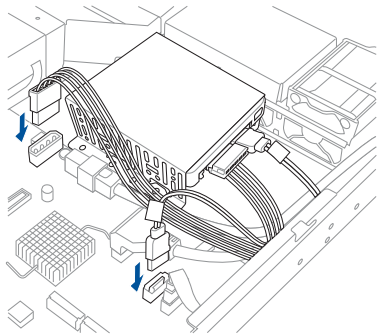
6. Secure the SSD cage to the server module using the bundled screws.



7. Connect the SATA cable connector to the onboard SATA connector.
8. Connect the Power cable to the connector on the motherboard.



You can install a second SSD Card by removing the optical drive and connecting the SATA cable connector to its onboard SATA connector.

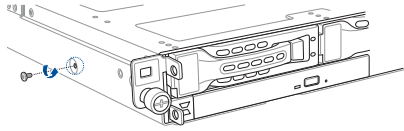


## 2.8.6 Replacing optical drive (optional)

This server system supports a slim-type optical disk drive.

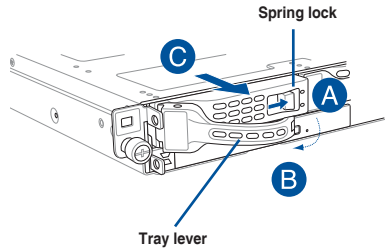
To replace the optical disk drive:

1. Remove the screw that secures the optical drive. Set aside.



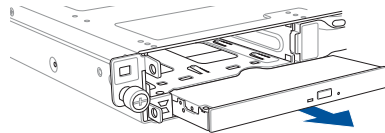
2. Push the spring lock to the right (A) to remove the SATA/SAS drive tray then pull the tray lever outward (B).

The drive tray ejects slightly after you pull out the lever (C).

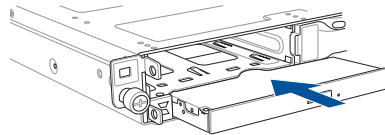


3. Hold the tray lever and pull the drive tray out of the bay.

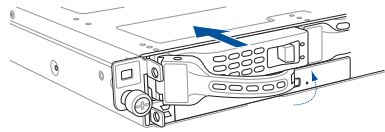
4. Pull the optical drive module.



5. Carefully insert the replacement optical disk drive module into the drive bay until it is securely seated in place.

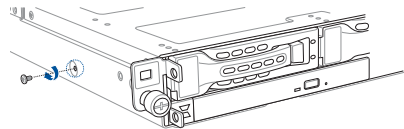


6. Carefully insert the drive tray and push it all the way to the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of the tray edge protrudes.



7. Push the tray lever until it clicks, and secures the drive tray in place. The drive tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.

8. Secure the optical drive with the screw that you removed in step 1.



# Installation Options

# 3

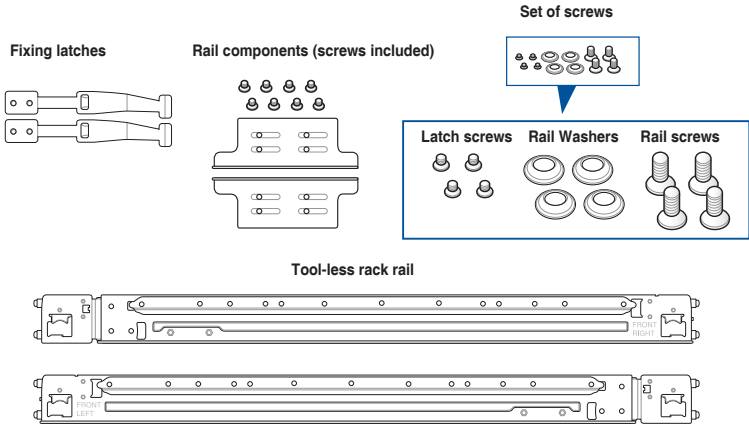
This chapter describes how to install the optional components and devices into the barebone server.

# 3.1 Rail kit installation

## 3.1.1 Tool-less Friction Rail Kit

The tool less design of the rail kit allows you to easily install the rack rails into the server rack without the need for additional tools. The kit also comes with a metal stopping bracket that can be installed to provide additional support and stability to the server.

The tool-less rail kit package includes:



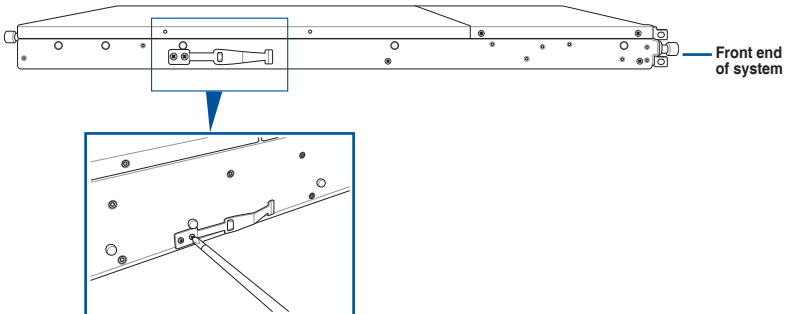
## 3.1.2 Installing the tool-less rack rail

To install the tool-less rack rails into the rack:

1. Secure the two fixing latches to the two sides of the server using the set of latch screws.



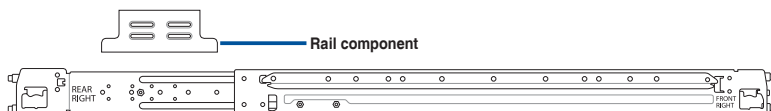
The locations of the screw holes vary with different server models. Refer to your server user manual for details.



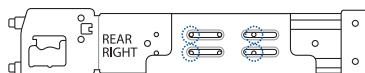


Follow steps 2 to 4 if the depth of your server rack exceeds 850mm, if the depth of your server rack is less than 850mm, please skip steps 2 to 4 and proceed with step 5.

2. Slightly slide out and extend the right rack rail, then prepare one of the bundled rail components.



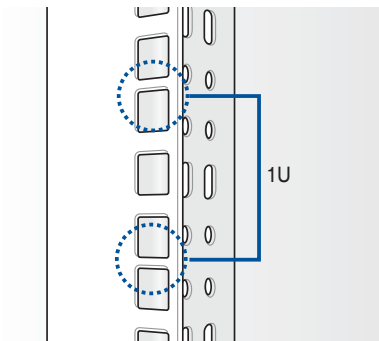
3. Align the rail component with the right rack rail and secure it using four (4) bundled screws.



4. Follow steps 2 and 3 to secure the rail component to the left rail rack.
5. Select a desired space and place the appropriate rack rail (left and right) on opposite positions on the rack.



A 1U space consists of three square mounting holes with two thin lips on the top and the bottom.



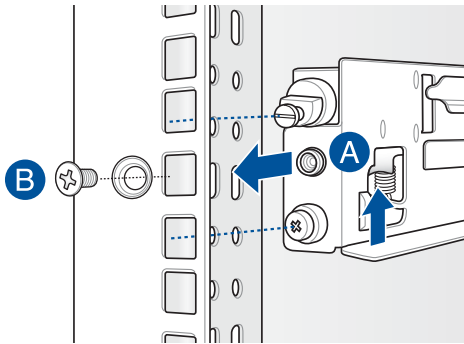
6. Secure the rail components to the rail using the bundled screws.
7. Press the spring lock (A) then insert the studs into the selected square mounting holes on the rack post.
8. Press the spring lock on the other end of rail then insert the stud into the mounting hole on the rack post. Extend the rack rail, if necessary.
9. (Optional) Use the rail screw and rail washer (B) that comes with the kit to secure the rack rail to the rack post.
10. Perform steps 3 to 5 for the other rack rail.



---

Ensure that the installed rack rails (left and right) are aligned, secured, and stable in place.

---



11. Lift the server chassis and insert into the rack rail.

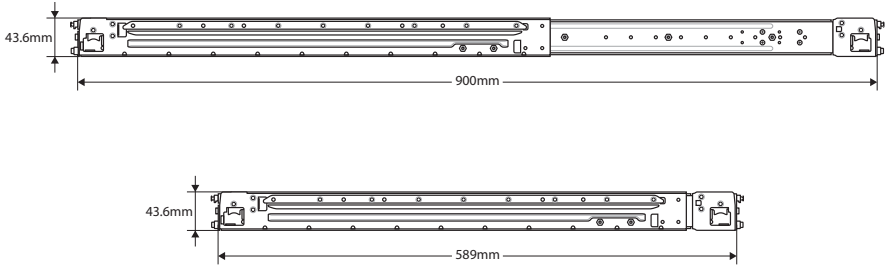


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Ensure that the rack rail cabinet and the rack posts are stable and standing firmly on a level surface.

---

### 3.2 Rail kit dimensions





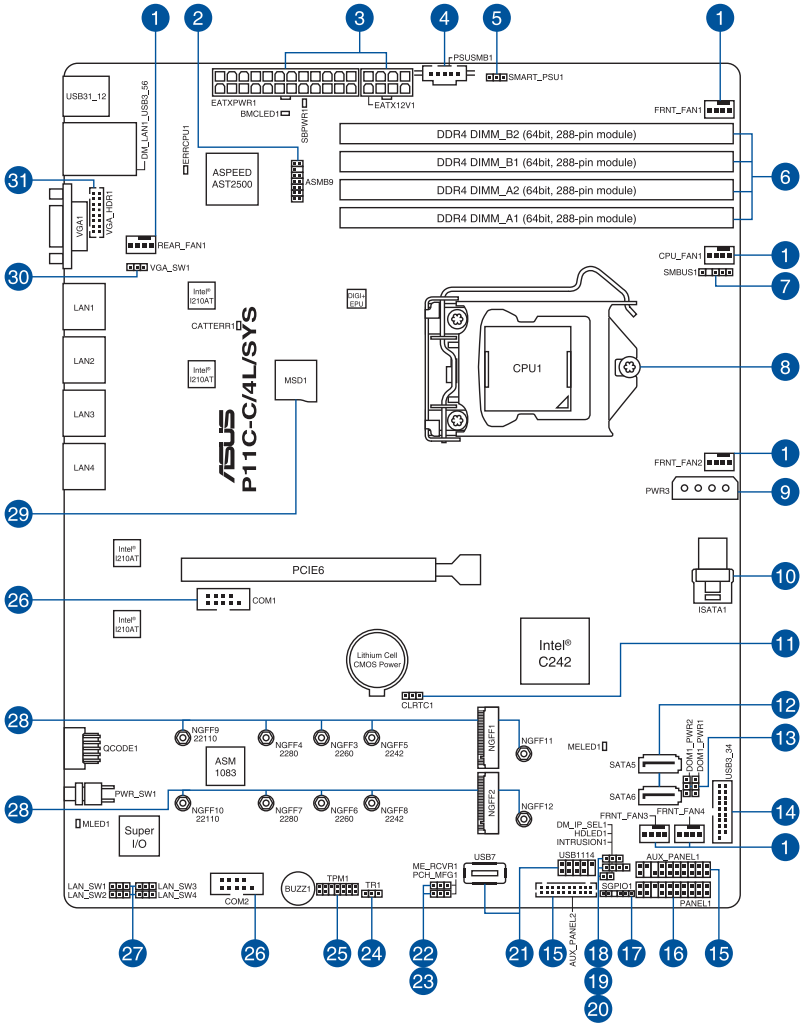


# Motherboard Information

# 4

This chapter includes the motherboard layout and brief descriptions of the jumpers and internal connectors.

# 4.1 Motherboard layout



## Layout contents

| Internal connectors / Sockets / Jumpers / LEDs                                  | Page |
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| 4. Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)                                 | 4-17 |
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| 31. VGA connector (16 pin VGA_HDR1)   | 4-18 |

## 4.2 Jumpers

### 1. Clear RTC RAM (3-pin CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Move the jumper cap from the default pins 1–2 to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5 to 10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
4. Hold down the <Del> key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



---

DO NOT remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position except when clearing the RTC RAM. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!

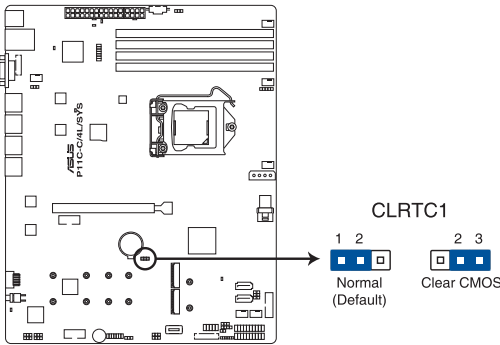
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If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.

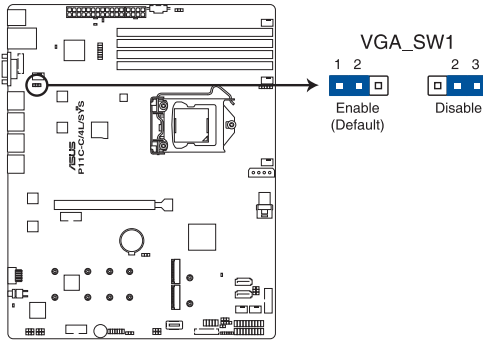
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**P11C-C/4L/SYS Clear RTC RAM**

## 2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA\_SW1)

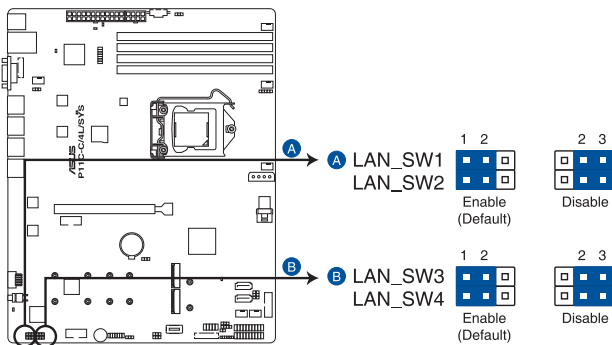
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1–2 to activate the VGA feature.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS VGA setting**

## 3. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN\_SW1-4)

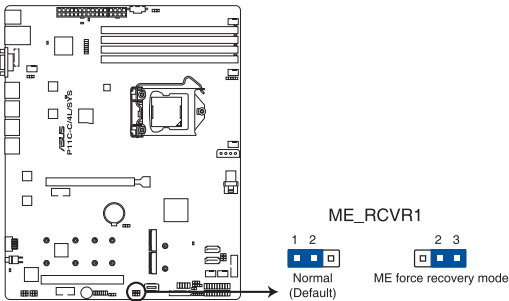
These jumpers allow you to enable or disable the onboard LAN\_SW1-4. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS LAN setting**

#### 4. ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME\_RCVR1)

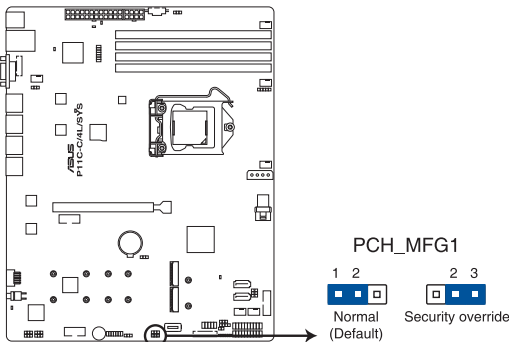
This jumper allows you to force Intel® Management Engine (ME) boot from recovery mode when ME becomes corrupted.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS ME recovery setting**

#### 5. PCH\_MFG1 setting (3-pin PCH\_MFG1)

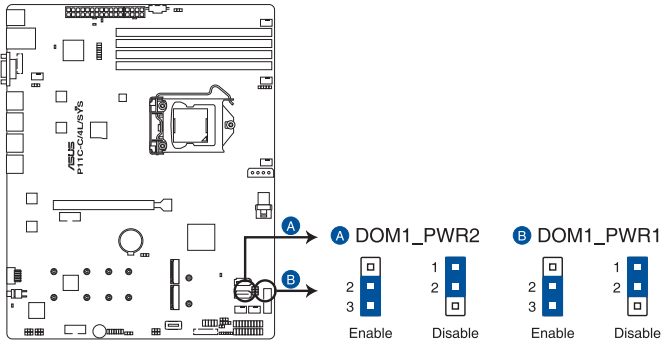
This jumper allows you to update the BIOS ME block.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS PCH\_MFG1 setting**

## 6. SATA DOM power setting (3-pin DOM1\_PWR1, DOM1\_PWR2)

This jumper allows you to configure the DOM power setting.



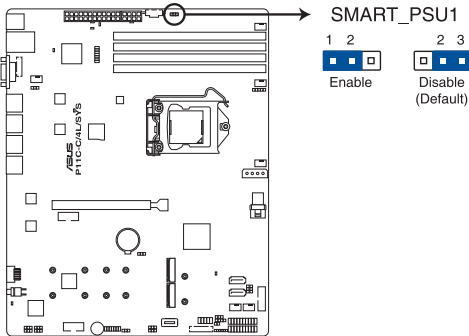
### P11C-C/4L/SYS DOM PWR setting



- DOM1\_PWR1 corresponds to the SATA5 connector.
- DOM1\_PWR2 corresponds to the SATA6 connector.

## 7. Smart Ride Through (SmaRT) setting (3-pin SMART\_PSU1)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the Smart Ride Through (SmaRT) function. This feature is disabled by default. Set to pins 1-2 to enable it. When enabled, SmaRT allows uninterrupted operation of the system during an AC loss event.



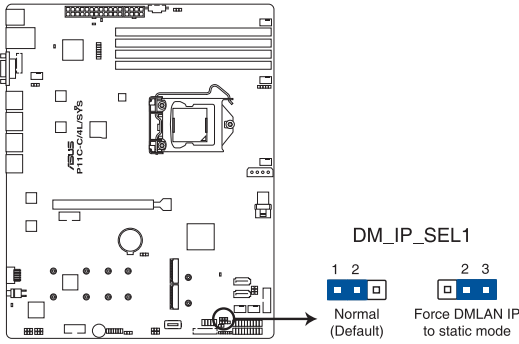
### P11C-C/4L/SYS Smart Ride Through setting



This jumper functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB9 management card.

**8. DMLAN setting (3-pin DM\_IP\_SEL1)**

This jumper allows you to select the DMLAN setting. Set to pins 2-3 to force the DMLAN IP to static mode (IP=10.10.10.10, submask=255.255.255.0).



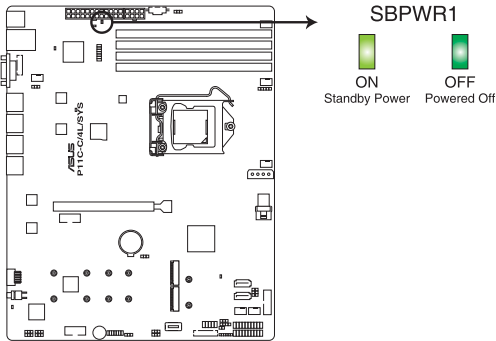
**P11C-C/4L/SYS DM\_IP\_SEL1 setting**



## 4.3 Onboard LEDs

### 1. Standby Power LED (SBPWR1)

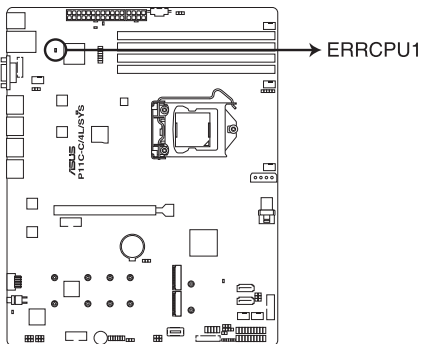
The motherboard comes with a standby power LED. The green LED lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS Standby Power LED**

### 2. CPU Warning LED (ERRCPU1)

The CPU warning LED lights up to indicate that a CPU error or failure has occurred.



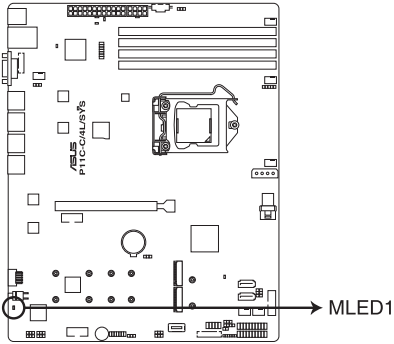
**P11C-C/4L/SYS ERRCPU1 LED**



The warning LED functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB9 management card.

**3. Message LED (MLED1)**

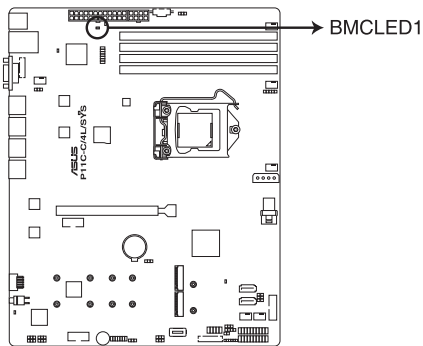
This onboard LED lights up to red when there is a BMC event log is generated.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS MLED1**

**4. BMC LED (BMCLED1)**

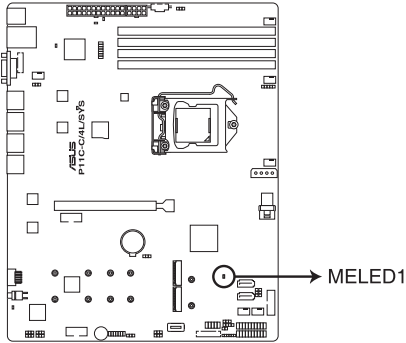
The BMC LED lights up to indicate that the on-board BMC is functional.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS BMC LED**

**5. ME LED (MELED1)**

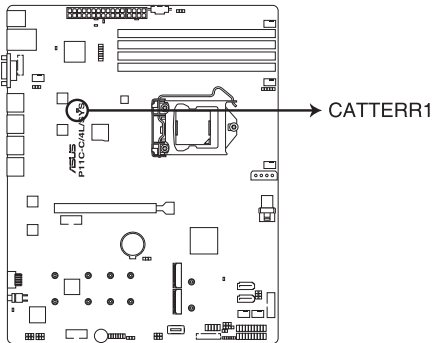
The ME LED is an onboard LED that blinks when the the ME is operating properly.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS MELED1**

**6. CATTERR LED (CATTERR1)**

The CATTERR LED indicates that the system has experienced a fatal or catastrophic error and cannot continue to operate.

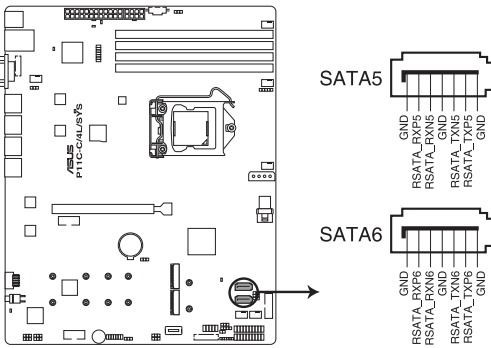


**P11C-C/4L/SYS CATTERR1 LED**

## 4.4 Internal connectors

### 1. Serial ATA 6.0Gb/s connectors (7-pin SATA5-6 [Gray])

Supported by the Intel® C242 chipset, these connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives that allows up to 6Gb/s of data transfer rate. If you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives, you can create a RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, or RAID 5 configuration.



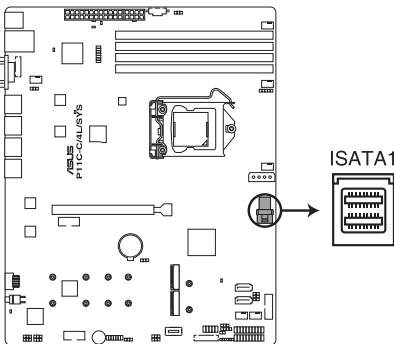
**P11C-C/4L/SYS SATA connectors**



- The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.
- When the M.2 connector is operating in SATA mode, SATA connector 5 and 6 (SATA 6 Gbps\_5-6) will be disabled.

### 2. Mini-SAS HD connector (ISATA1)

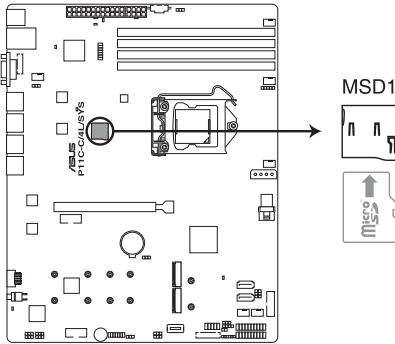
This motherboard comes with a mini Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) HD connector, the storage technology that supports Serial ATA. The connector supports up to four devices.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS ISATA connector**

### 3. Micro SD card slot (MSD1)

Your motherboard supports SD Memory Card v2.00 (SDHC) / v3.00 (SDXC).



#### P11C-C/4L/SYS MSD1



---

Disconnect all power (including redundant PSUs) from the existing system before you add or remove a Memory Card, then reboot the system to access the Memory Card.

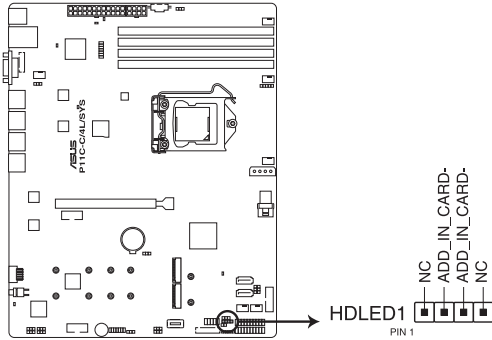
---



- This Micro SD card slot functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB9 Management card.
  - Some memory cards may not be compatible with your motherboard. Ensure that you use only compatible memory cards to prevent loss of data, damage to your device, or memory card, or both.
-

**4. Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)**

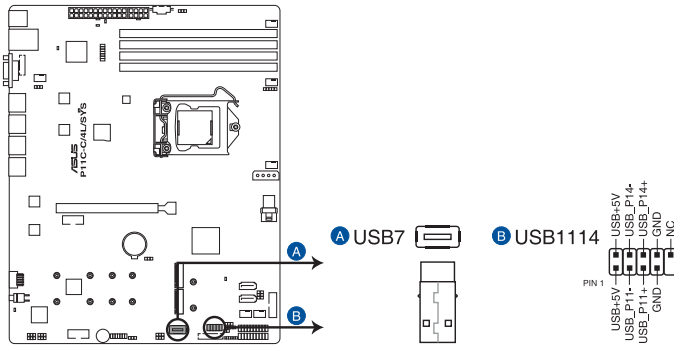
This LED connector is for the storage add-on card cable connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card. The read or write activities of any device connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card causes the front panel LED to light up.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS Storage device activity LED connector**

**5. USB 2.0 connector (10-1 pin USB1114; 4-pin Type-A USB7)**

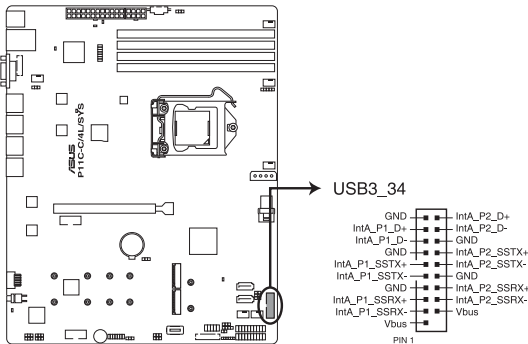
The 10-1 pin connector allows you to connect a USB 2.0 module for additional USB 2.0 front or rear panel ports. The 4-pin USB (Universal Serial Bus) Type-A port is available for connecting USB 2.0 devices. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS USB 2.0 connectors**

**6. USB 3.0 connector (20-1 pin USB3\_34)**

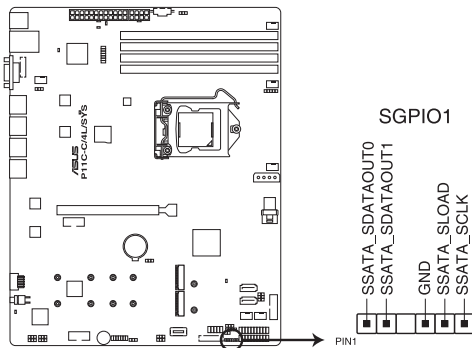
This connector allows you to connect a USB 3.0 module for additional USB 3.0 front or rear panel ports. With an installed USB 3.0 module, you can enjoy all the benefits of USB 3.0 including faster data transfer speeds of up to 5 Gbps, faster charging time for USB-chargeable devices, optimized power efficiency, and backward compatibility with USB 2.0.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS USB 3.0 connector**

**7. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)**

The SGPIO 1 connector is used for the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Enterprise SGPIO interface that controls the LED pattern generation, device information, and general purpose data.



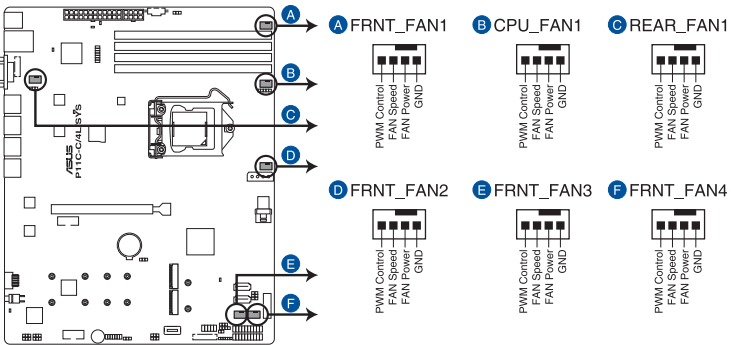
**P11C-C/4L/SYS SGPIO1 connector**

**8. CPU, front, and rear fan connectors (4-pin FRNT\_FAN1-4; REAR\_FAN1; CPU\_FAN1)**

The fan connectors support cooling fans. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



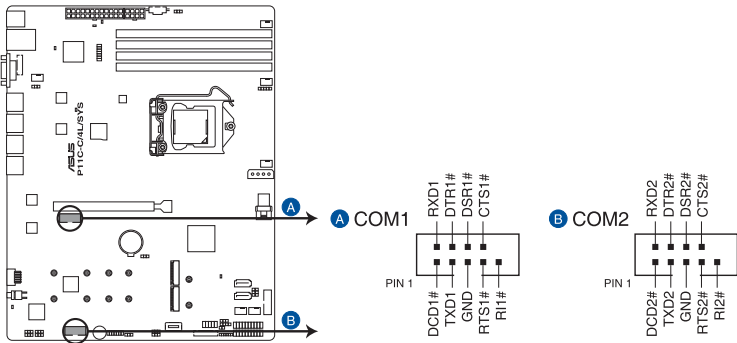
- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!
- All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS FAN connectors**

**9. Serial port connectors (10-1 pin COM1-2)**

These connectors are for the serial COM ports. Connect the serial port module cable to one of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.

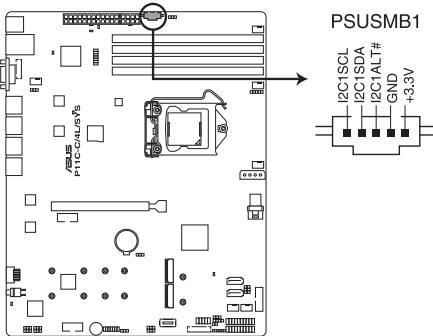


**P11C-C/4L/SYS Serial port connectors**



## 10. Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)

This connector allows you to connect SMBus (System Management Bus) to the power supply unit to read PSU information. Devices communicate with an SMBus host and/or other SMBus devices using the SMBus interface.



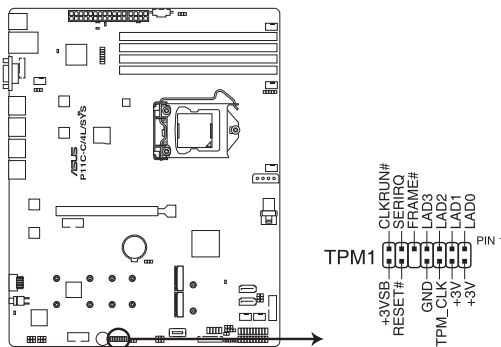
**P11C-C/4L/SYS Power supply SMBus connector**



This connector functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB9 management card.

## 11. Trusted Platform Module connector (14-1 pin TPM1)

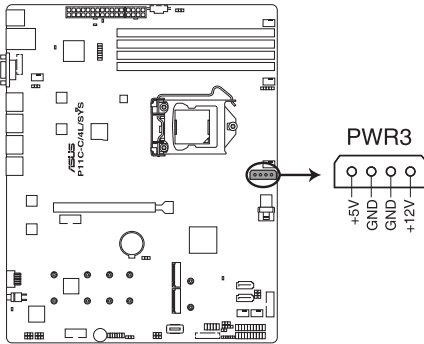
This connector supports a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) system, which can securely store keys, digital certificates, passwords, and data. A TPM system also helps enhance network security, protects digital identities, and ensures platform integrity.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS TPM connector**

## 12. SATA DOM power connector (4-pin PWR3)

This 4-pin connector is for 5V power of a certain SATA DOM (Disk on Module) device when using an appropriate cable.



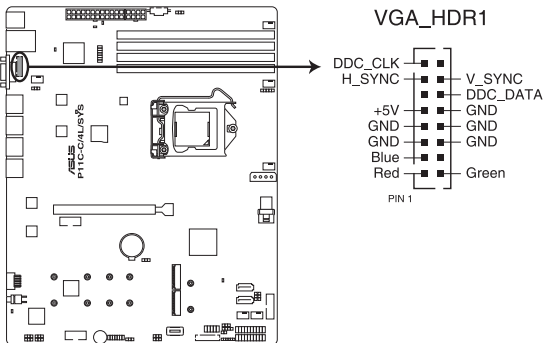
**P11C-C/4L/SYS Power connector**



- The SATA DOM power connector is for output power only. It has a maximum output current of 1A.
- Ensure that the power of the SATA DOM device that you will use is less than 1A.

## 13. VGA connector (16 pin VGA\_HDR1)

This connector supports the VGA High Dynamic-Range interface.



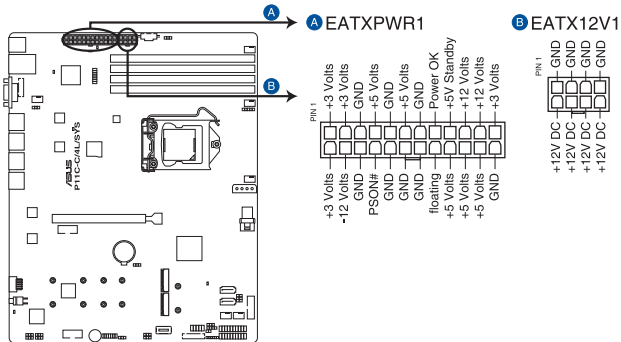
**P11C-C/4L/SYS Internal VGA connector**

#### 14. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR1; 8-pin EATX12V1)

These connectors are for the ATX power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



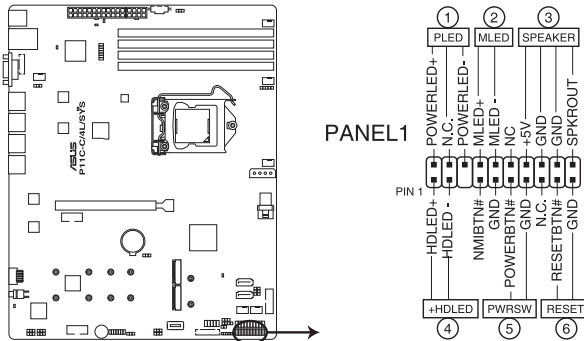
- DO NOT forget to connect the 24-pin and the 8-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a power supply unit (PSU) with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- This motherboard supports ATX2.0 PSU or later version.
- Ensure that your PSU can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS ATX power connectors**

## 15. System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS System panel connector**

### 1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

### 2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by the BMC to indicate an abnormal event occurrence.

### 3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

### 4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

### 5. ATX power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

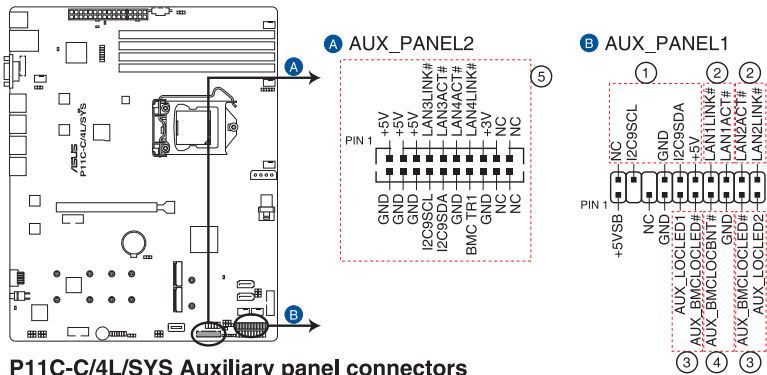
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

### 6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

## 16. Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX\_PANEL1, 20-pin AUX\_PANEL2)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.

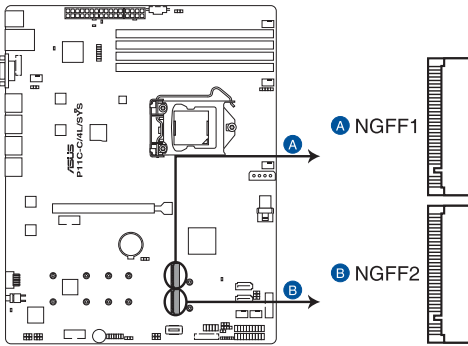


### P11C-C/4L/SYS Auxiliary panel connectors

- 1. Front panel SMB (6-1 pin FPSMB)**  
These leads connect the front panel SMBus cable.
- 2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1\_LED, LAN2\_LED)**  
These leads are for the Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.
- 3. Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1, LOCATORLED2)**  
These leads are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs will light up when the Locator button is pressed.
- 4. Locator Button/Switch (2-pin LOCATORBTN)**  
These leads are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.
- 5. LAN activity LED and USB port (2-pin LAN3\_LED, LAN4\_LED, USB ports)**  
These leads are for the Gigabit LAN activity LEDs and USB ports on the front panel.

## 17. M.2 (NGFF) connector (NGFF1-2)

These connectors allow you to install M.2 devices.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS NGFF connectors**



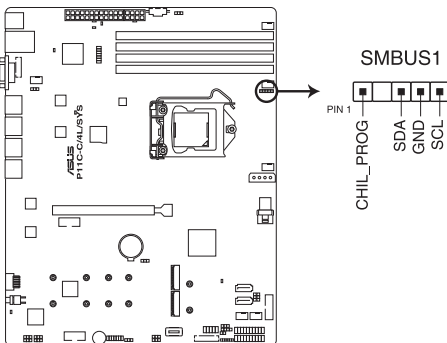
- This connector supports type 2242/2260/2280/22110 devices on both PCI-E and SATA interface.
- When the M.2 connector is operating in SATA mode, SATA connector 5 and 6 (SATA 6 Gbps\_5-6) will be disabled.



The M.2 (NGFF) device is purchased separately.

## 18. System Management Bus (SMBUS) connector (5-1 pin SMBUS1)

This connector controls the system and power management-related tasks. This connector processes the messages to and from devices rather than tripping the individual control lines.

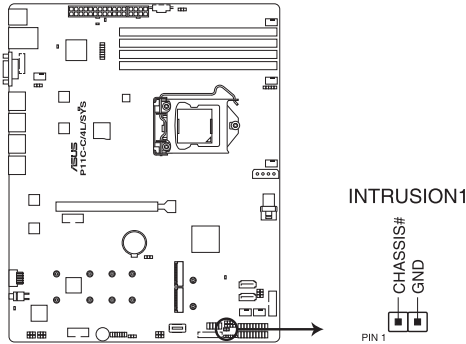


**P11C-C/4L/SYS SMBUS connector**

### 19. Chassis intrusion connector (2-pin INTRUSION1)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted intrusion detection sensor or switch. Connect one end of the chassis intrusion sensor or switch cable to this connector. The chassis intrusion sensor or switch sends a high-level signal to this connector when a chassis component is removed or replaced. The signal is then generated as a chassis intrusion event.

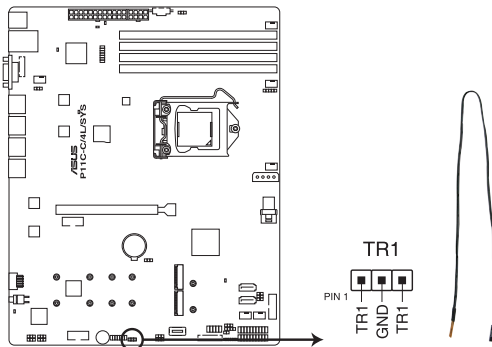
By default, the pin labeled “Chassis Signal” and “Ground” are shorted with a jumper cap. Remove the jumper caps only when you intend to use the chassis intrusion detection feature.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS Chassis Intrusion connector**

### 20. Thermal sensor cable connector (3-pin TR1)

This connector allows you to connect a thermal sensor cable that is used for monitoring temperature. Connect the thermal sensor cable to the connector and place its probe to the device that you want to monitor.



**P11C-C/4L/SYS Thermal sensor cable connector**





# **BIOS Setup**

# 5

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

## 5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

### 1. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3**

To recover the BIOS using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.

### 2. **ASUS EzFlash**

Updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk.

### 3. **BUPDATER**

Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



---

Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

---

### 5.1.1 **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility**

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



---

Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

---

### **Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive**

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

1. Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
2. The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



---

**DO NOT** shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!

---



---

The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at [www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file.

---

## 5.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash Utility

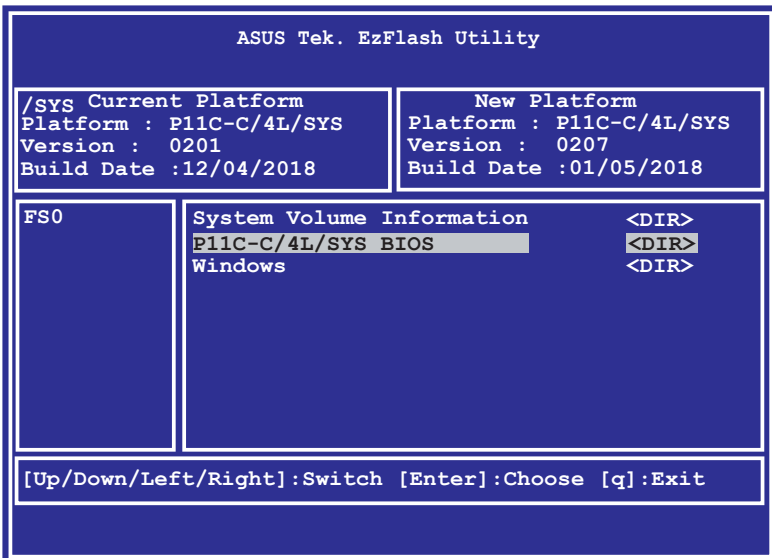
The ASUS EZ Flash Utility feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to use a DOS-based utility.



Before you start using this utility, download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at [www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com).

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash Utility:

1. Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file into the USB port.
2. Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the **Tool** menu then select **ASUS EZ Flash Utility**. Press <Enter>.



3. Press <Tab> to switch to the **Drive** field.
4. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS, then press <Enter>.
5. Press <Tab> to switch to the **Folder Info** field.

6. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the BIOS file, and then press <Enter> to perform the BIOS update process. Reboot the system when the update process is done.



- This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
- DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!



Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.

### 5.1.3 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in the DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

#### Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

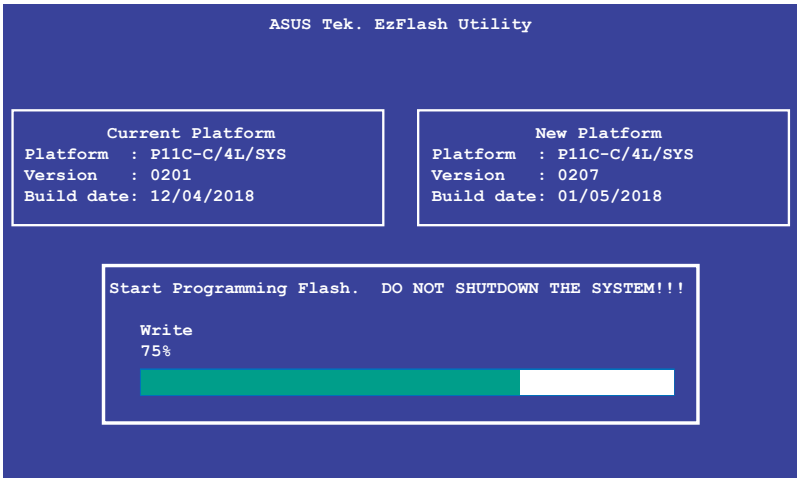
1. Visit the ASUS website at [www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com) and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
2. Copy the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at <https://www.asus.com/support> to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

```
BUPDATER /i [filename] .CAP
```

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.

```
A:\>BUPDATER /i[file name].CAP
```

- The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.

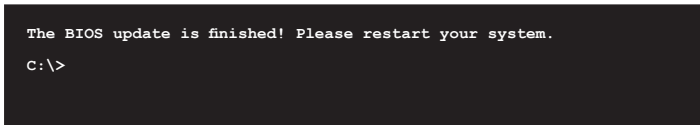


---

DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

---

- The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.



## 5.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to “Run Setup.” This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Del> during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

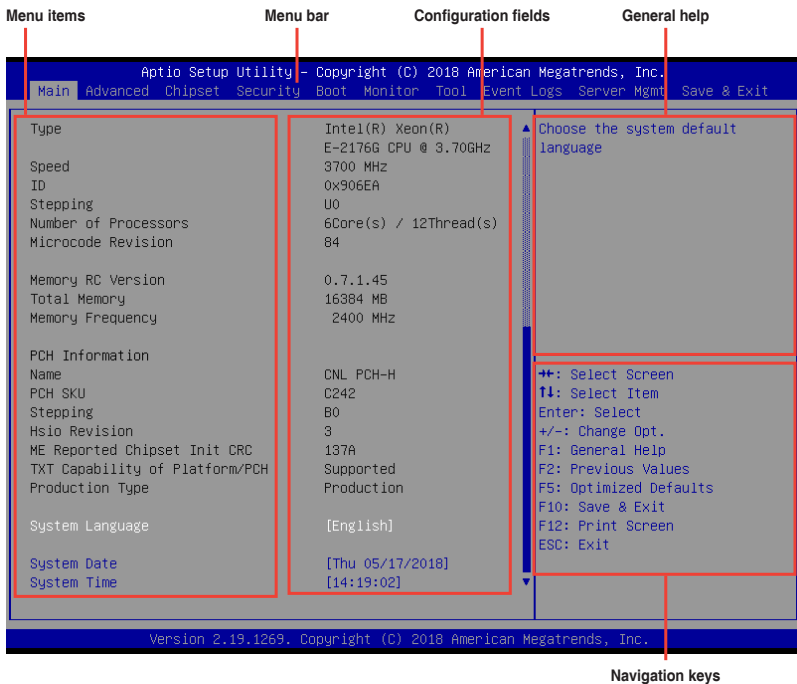
If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- 
- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select Yes to load the BIOS default settings.
  - The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
  - Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.
-

## 5.2.1 BIOS menu screen



## 5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

- Main** For changing the basic system configuration
- Advanced** For changing the advanced system settings
- Chipset** For changing the chipset settings
- Security** For changing the security settings
- Boot** For changing the system boot configuration
- Monitor** For displaying the system temperature, power status, and changing the fan settings
- Tool** For configuring options for special functions
- Event Logs** For changing the event log settings
- Server Mgmt** For changing the server mgmt settings
- Save & Exit** For selecting the save & exit options

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

### **5.2.3 Menu items**

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Chipset, Security, Boot, Monitor, Tool, Event Logs, Server Mgmt, and Save & Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

### **5.2.4 Submenu items**

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a submenu. To display the submenu, select the item then press <Enter>.

### **5.2.5 Navigation keys**

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for the BIOS setup program. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

### **5.2.6 General help**

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

### **5.2.7 Configuration fields**

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it and press <Enter> to display a list of options.

### **5.2.8 Pop-up window**

Select a menu item and press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

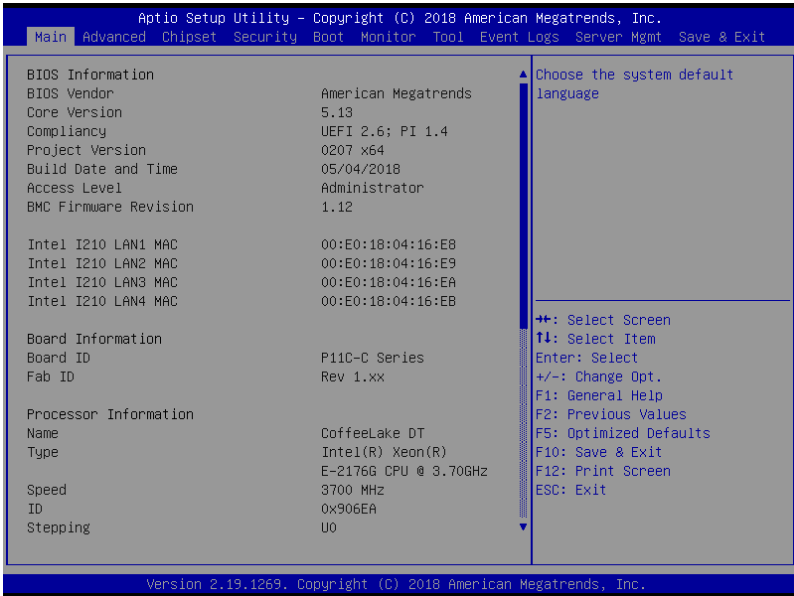
### **5.2.9 Scroll bar**

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> / <Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.



## 5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears. The Main menu provides you an overview of the basic system information, and allows you to set the system date, time, and language



### System Date [Day MM/DD/YYYY]

Allows you to set the system date.

### System Time [HH:MM:SS]

Allows you to set the system time.

## 5.4 Performance Tuning menu

The Performance Tuning menu items allow you to change performance related settings for different scenarios.

| Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc. |            |   |
|--|------------|---|
| Performance Tuning   |            |   |
| Optimized Performance Setting                                      | [Default]  | The following setting shows the recommended BIOS setting to optimize for performance includes those |
| Core Optimizer   | [Disabled] |   |
| Engine Boost   | [Disabled] |   |

### Optimized Performance Setting [Default]

Allows you to select performance settings for different scenarios.

[Default] Default settings.

[By Benchmark] Optimize for different kinds of benchmarks. Select this option, then select a benchmark type from the >> list.

[By Workload] Optimize for different kinds of workloads. Select this option, then select a workload type from the >> list.

Configuration options:

**[Peak Frequency Optimized]** - Applies settings with performance and power consumption balance. Recommended for users that need higher performance.

**[Latency Optimized]** - Applies settings with low latency results. Recommended for latency-sensitive users.

**[Power Efficient Optimized]** - Applies settings with power efficiency. Recommended for general users.

**[HPC]** - Applies settings with optimized compute capability. Recommend for traditional HPC applications.



---

**Core Optimizer** and **Engine Boost** appear only when you set **Optimized Performance Setting** to **[Default]** or **[By Benchmark]**.

---

### Core Optimizer [Disabled]

Enable this item to keep the processor operating at the turbo frequency.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

Linux support may vary by version of the OS.

---

### Engine Boost [Disabled]

Enable this item to boost the CPU's frequency.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Level1] [Level2] [Level3(Max)]

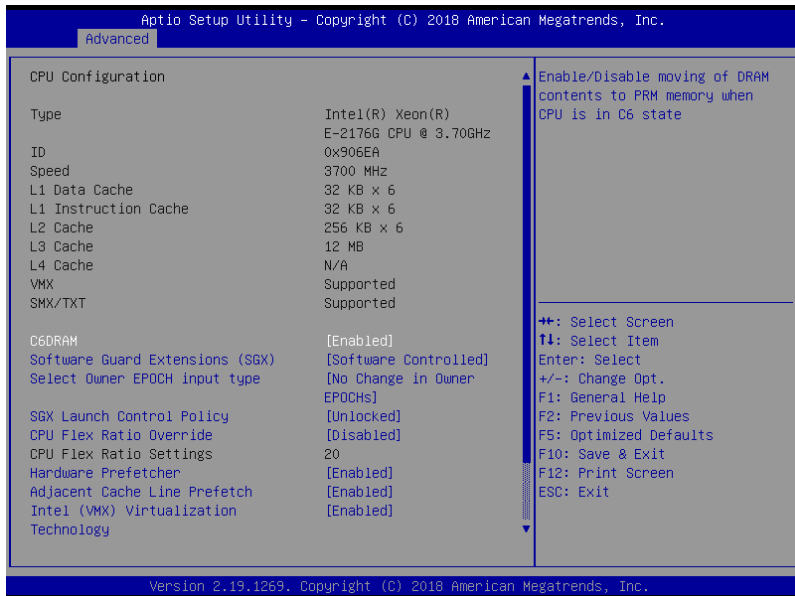


---

Operate with an ambient temperature of 25°C or lower for optimized performance.

---

## 5.4.1 CPU Configuration



Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc.

Advanced

CPU Configuration

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Type                 | Intel(R) Xeon(R)<br>E-2176G CPU @ 3.70GHz |
| ID                   | 0x906EA                                   |
| Speed                | 3700 MHz                                  |
| L1 Data Cache        | 32 KB x 6                                 |
| L1 Instruction Cache | 32 KB x 6                                 |
| L2 Cache             | 256 KB x 6                                |
| L3 Cache             | 12 MB                                     |
| L4 Cache             | N/A                                       |
| VMX                  | Supported                                 |
| SMX/TXT              | Supported                                 |

C6DRAM [Enabled]  
Software Guard Extensions (SGX) [Software Controlled]  
Select Owner EPOCH input type [No Change in Owner EPOCHs]  
SGX Launch Control Policy [Unlocked]  
CPU Flex Ratio Override [Disabled]  
CPU Flex Ratio Settings 20  
Hardware Prefetcher [Enabled]  
Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch [Enabled]  
Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

▲ Enable/Disable moving of DRAM contents to PRM memory when CPU is in C6 state

◆ Select Screen  
F1: Select Item  
Enter: Select  
+/-: Change Opt.  
F1: General Help  
F2: Previous Values  
F5: Optimized Defaults  
F10: Save & Exit  
F12: Print Screen  
ESC: Exit

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### C6DRAM [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable moving of DRAM contents to PRM memory when the CPU is in C6 state.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Software Guard Extensions (SGX) [Software Controlled]

Allows you to select the behavior of Software Guard Extensions (SGX).

Configuration options: [Software Controlled] [Disabled] [Enabled]



- Intel SGX support is only available on certain CPUs, such as E-2186G, E-2174G, and E-2176G. Please refer to <https://ark.intel.com/> for more details.
- The following item appears only when you set **Software Guard Extensions (SGX)** to **[Enabled]** or **[Software Controlled]**.

### Select Owner EPOCH input type [No change in Owner EPOCHs]

Allows you to select the behavior of EPOCH input type.

Configuration options: [No change in Owner EPOCHs] [Change to New Random EPOCHs] [Manual User Defined Owner EPOCHs]

### SGX Launch Control Policy [Unlocked]

Allows you to select the behavior of SGX Launch Control Policy.

Configuration options: [Intel Locked] [Unlocked] [Locked]

## CPU Flex Ratio Override [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU Flex Ratio Override.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you set **CPU Flex Ratio Override** to **[Enabled]**.

---

### CPU Flex Ratio Settings [37]

Allows you to set the CPU Flex Ratio.

This value must be between the Max Efficiency Ratio (LFM) and the Maximum non-turbo ratio set by the Hardware (HFW).

### Hardware Prefetcher [Enabled]

This Item allows you to turn on/off the MLC streamer prefetcher.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Adjacent Cache Prefetch [Enabled]

This Item allows you to turn on/off prefetching of adjacent cache lines.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

Enable this item to allow a VMM to utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Active Processor Cores [ALL]

This item allows you to set the number of cores to enable in each processor package.

Configuration options: [All] [1] [2] [3] [4] [5]

### Hyper-Threading [Enabled]

Enable this option of Windows XP and Linux (OS optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology).

Disable this item for other OS (OS not optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### BIST [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable BIST (Built-In Self Test) on reset.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### AES [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable AES (Advanced Encryption Standard).

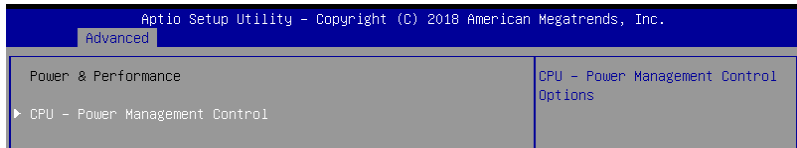
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Intel Trusted Execution Technology [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable utilization of additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel(R) Trusted Execution Technology. Changes require a full power cycle to take effect.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 5.4.2 Power & Performance



### CPU - Power Management Control

#### Boot performance mode [Max Non-Turbo Performance]

This item allows you to select the performance state that the BIOS will set starting from reset vector.

Configuration options: [Max Battery] [Max Non-Turbo Performance] [Turbo Performance]

#### Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm) [Enabled]

Allows more than two frequency ranges to be supported.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Race To Halt (RTH) [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Race To Halt feature. RTH will dynamically increase CPU frequency in order to enter pkg C-State faster to reduce overall power. RTH is controlled through MSR 1FC bit 20.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology support. Enabling will expose the CPPC v2 interface to allow for hardware controlled P-states.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### HDC Control [Enabled]

[Disabled]      Disable HDC.

[Enabled]      Can be enable by OS if OS native support available.

#### Turbo Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable processor turbo mode if EMTTM is also enabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### C-States [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU power management, this allows the CPU to enter C-state when not it is not 100 % utilized.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following items appears only when you set **C-States** to [Enabled].

---

#### Enhanced C-States [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable C11E. Enable this item to allow the CPU to switch to minimum speed when all cores enter C-State.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### C-State Auto Demotion [C1 and C3]

This item allows you to configure the C-state auto demotion.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [C1] [C3] [C1 and C3]

### C-State Un-demotion [C1 and C3]

This item allows you to configure the C-state Un-demotion.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [C1] [C3] [C1 and C3]

### Package C-State Demotion [C1 and C3]

This item allows you to configure the Package C-State Demotion.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [C1] [C3] [C1 and C3]

### Package C-State Un-demotion [C1 and C3]

This item allows you to configure the Package C-state Un-demotion.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [C1] [C3] [C1 and C3]

### Package C-state Limit [Auto]

This item allows you to select the maximum package C-state limit setting.  
Configuration options: [C0/C1] [C2] [C3] [C6] [C7] [C7S] [CPU Default] [Auto]

## Thermal Monitor [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Thermal Monitoring.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 5.4.3 Server ME Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc.

Advanced

|                              |                          |   |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Server ME Configuration      |                          | Selects TPM device: PTT or dTPM. PTT - Enables PTT in SkuMgr dTPM 1.2 - Disables PTT in SkuMgr Warning ! PTT/dTPM will be disabled and all data saved on it will be lost. |
| Operational Firmware Version | 10:5.0.3.24              |   |
| Backup Firmware Version      | N/A                      |   |
| Recovery Firmware Version    | 10:5.0.3.24              |   |
| ME Firmware Features         | SiEn                     |   |
|                              | PECIProxy                |   |
|                              | ICC                      |   |
|                              | MeStorageServices        |   |
|                              | BootGuard                |   |
|                              | PTT                      |   |
|                              | PmBusProxy               |   |
|                              | HSIO                     |   |
|                              | PECIOverDMI              |   |
|                              | PCHDebug                 | ++: Select Screen   |
|                              | PCHThermalSensorInit     | T1: Select Item   |
|                              | DirectMeUpdate           | Enter: Select   |
|                              | TelemetryHub             | +/-: Change Opt.  |
|                              | WarmResetNotificationSub | F1: General Help  |
|                              | Flow                     | F2: Previous Values   |
| ME Firmware Status #1        | 0x100F0255               | F5: Optimized Defaults  |
| ME Firmware Status #2        | 0x89112006               | F10: Save & Exit  |
| Current State                | Operational              | F12: Print Screen   |
| Error Code                   | No Error                 | ESC: Exit   |
| TPM Device Selection         | [PTT]                    |   |

### TPM Device Selection [PTT]

Allows you to select the TPM device.  
Configuration options: [PTT] [dTPM]

## 5.4.4 Trusted Computing

| Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc. |              |   |
|--|--------------|---|
| Advanced   |              |   |
| TPM20 Device Found   |              | Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S. will not show Security Device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available. |
| Firmware Version:  | 401.2        |   |
| Vendor:  | INTC         |   |
| Security Device Support  | [Enable]     |   |
| Active PCR banks   | SHA-1,SHA256 |   |
| Available PCR banks  | SHA-1,SHA256 |   |

### Security Device Support [Enabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable Security Device Support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 5.4.5 APM Configuration

| Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc. |              |                          |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|
| Advanced   |              |                          |
| Restore AC Power Loss  | [Last State] | Restore On AC Power Loss |
| Power On By PCI-E/PCI  | [Disabled]   |                          |
| Power On By RTC  | [Disabled]   |                          |

### Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to [Power On], the system will reboot after an AC power loss. When set to [Last State], the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

### Power On By PCI-E/PCI [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PCI or PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCI or PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

### Power On By RTC [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables RTC to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] When set to [Enabled], the items **RTC Alarm Date (Days)** and **Hour/Minute/Second** will become user-configurable with set values.

## 5.4.6 Runtime Error Logging Settings

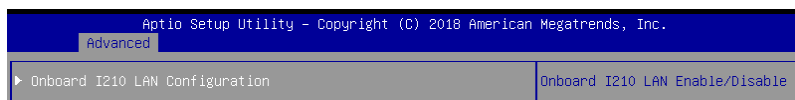
| Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc. |           |   |
|--|-----------|---|
| Advanced   |           |   |
| Runtime Error Logging Settings                                     |           | Runtime Error Logging System Enable/Disable |
| Runtime Error Logging System Enabling                              | [Enabled] |   |

### Runtime Error Logging System Enabling [Enabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable Runtime Error Logging System.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 5.4.7 Onboard LAN Configuration



### Onboard I210 LAN Configuration

#### Intel I210 LAN1

##### LAN Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel LAN.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you set **LAN Enable** to **[Enabled]**.

---

##### Intel LAN ROM Type [PXE]

Allows you to select the Intel LAN ROM type.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [PXE] [iSCSI]



---

Due to Intel® limitations, both Intel LAN ROM Type options should be the same when **[PXE]** or **[iSCSI]** is selected.

---

#### Intel I210 LAN2-4

##### LAN Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel LAN.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you set **Intel LAN Enable** to **[Enabled]**.

---

##### Intel LAN ROM Type [Disabled]

Allows you to select the Intel LAN ROM type.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [PXE] [iSCSI]



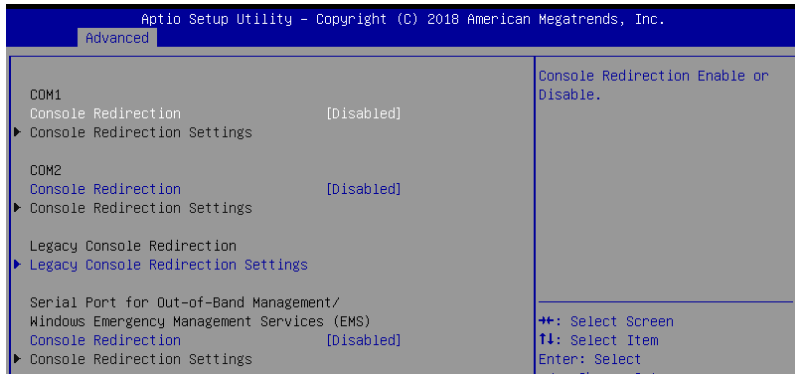
---

Due to Intel® limitations, both Intel LAN ROM Type options should be the same when **[PXE]** or **[iSCSI]** is selected.

---



## 5.4.8 Serial Port Console Redirection



### COM1/COM2

#### Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set **Console Redirection** to **[Enabled]**.

#### Console Redirection Settings

These items become configurable only when you enable the **Console Redirection** item. The settings specify how the host computer and the remote computer (which the user is using) will exchange data. Both computers should have the same or compatible settings.

#### Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type.

[VT100] ASCII char set.

[VT100+] Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, etc.

[VT-UTF8] Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes.

[ANSI] Extended ASCII char set.

#### Bits per second [57600]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [38400] [57600] [115200]

#### Data Bits [8]

Configuration options: [7] [8]

### **Parity [None]**

A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. [Mark] and [Space] parity do not allow for error detection.

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| [None]  | None   |
| [Even]  | parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even |
| [Odd]   | parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd      |
| [Mark]  | parity bit is always 1                                     |
| [Space] | parity bit is always 0                                     |

### **Stop Bits [1]**

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning.) The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

Configuration options: [1] [2]

### **Flow Control [Hardware RTS/CTS]**

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a "stop" signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a "start" signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.

Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS]

### **VT -UTF8 Combo Key Support [Enabled]**

This allows you to enable the VT -UTF8 Combination Key Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Recorder Mode [Disabled]**

With this mode enabled only text will be sent. This is to capture Terminal data.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Legacy OS Redirection Resolution [80x24]**

This allows you to set the number of rows and columns supported on the Legacy OS.

Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

### **Putty Keypad [VT100]**

This allows you to select the FunctionKey and Keypad on Putty.

Configuration options: [VT100] [LINUX] [XTERMR6] [SCO] [ESCN] [VT400]

## **Legacy Console Redirection Settings**

### **Legacy Console Redirection Port [COM1]**

Allows you to select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM Messages.

Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

### **Resolution [80x24]**

Allows you to select a the number of rows and columns in supported redirection.

Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

### **Redirect After POST [Always Enable]**

Allows you to select the redirection after POST.

Configuration options: [Always Enable] [BootLoader]

## Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

### Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set **Console Redirection** to **[Enabled]**.

#### Console Redirection Settings

##### Out-of-Band Mgmt Port [COM1]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port.  
Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

##### Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port.  
Configuration options: [VT100] [VT100+] [VT-UTF8] [ANSI]

##### Bits per second [115200]

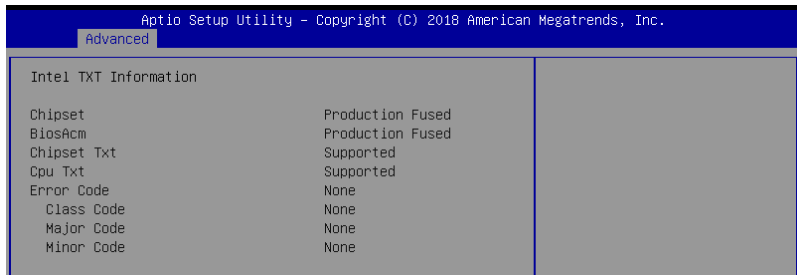
Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port.  
Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [57600] [115200]

##### Flow Control [None]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port.  
Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS] [Software Xon/Xoff]

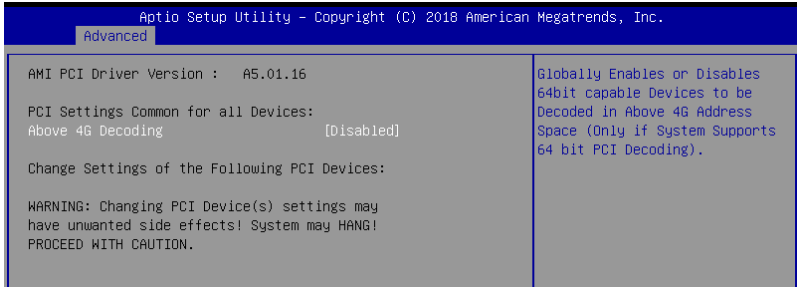
## 5.4.9 Intel TXT Information

You may view the Intel TXT information in this menu.



## 5.4.10 PCI Subsystem Settings

Allows you to configure PCI, PCI-X, and PCI Express Settings.

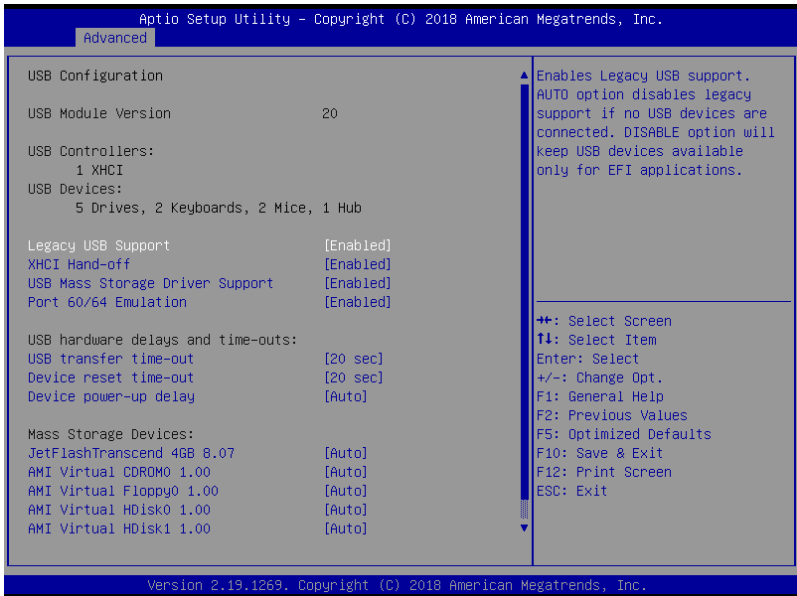


### Above 4G Decoding [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable 64-bit capable devices to be decoded in above 4G address space. It only works if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 5.4.11 USB Configuration



### **Legacy USB Support [Enabled]**

- [Disabled] The USB devices can be used only for the BIOS setup program. It cannot be recognized in boot devices list.
- [Enabled] Enables the support for USB devices on legacy operating systems (OS).
- [Auto] Allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. If no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled.

### **XHCI Hand-off [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable workaround for OS(s) without XHCI hand-off support.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **USB Mass Storage Driver Support [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable USB Mass Storage driver support.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Port 60/64 Emulation [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable Port 60/64 Emulation.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **USB transfer time-out [20 sec]**

Allows you to set the USB transfer time-out value.  
Configuration options: [1 sec] [5 sec] [1 sec] [20 sec]

### **Device reset time-out [20 sec]**

Allows you to set the device reset time-out value.  
Configuration options: [10 sec] [20 sec] [30 sec] [40 sec]

### **Device power-up delay [Auto]**

Allows you to set the maximum time the device takes before the device reports itself to the host controller properly.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]



---

The following item appears only when you set **Console Redirection** to [Manual].

---

### **Device power-up delay in seconds [5]**

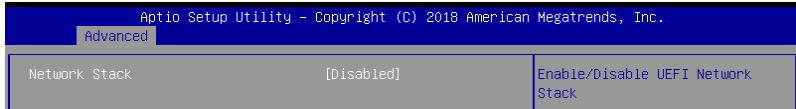
Allows you to set the device power-up delay in seconds. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 40.

### **Mass Storage Devices**

Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type for devices connected.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

## 5.4.12 Network Stack Configuration

Allows you to configure the network stack configuration.



### Network Stack [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable UEFI Network Stack.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following items appear only when you set the **Network Stack** to **[Enabled]**.

---

#### **Ipv4 PXE Support [Disabled]**

Enables or disables the Ipv4 PXE Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Ipv4 HTTP Support [Disabled]**

Enables or disables the Ipv4 HTTP Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Ipv6 PXE Support [Disabled]**

Enables or disables the Ipv6 PXE Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Ipv6 HTTP Support [Disabled]**

Enables or disables the Ipv6 HTTP Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **IPSEC Certificate [Enabled]**

Enables or disables support for IPSEC Certificate.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

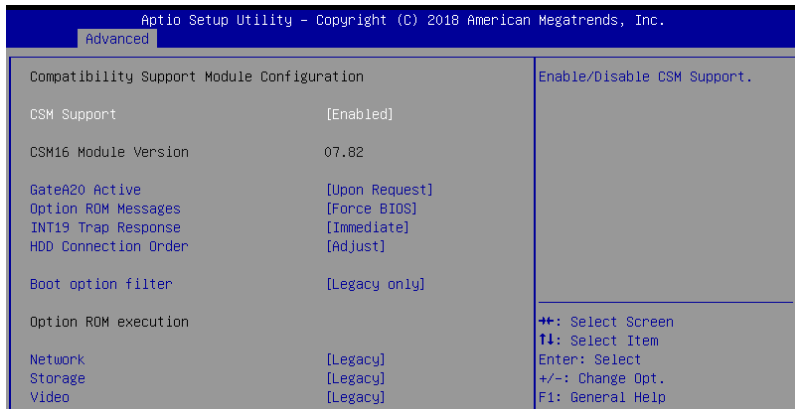
#### **PXE boot wait time [0]**

Set the wait time to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 5.

#### **Media detect count [1]**

Set the number of times presence of media will be checked. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 50.

## 5.4.13 CSM Configuration



### CSM Support [Enabled]

This option allows you to enable or disable CSM Support.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following items appear only when you set the **CSM Support** to **[Enabled]**.

---

#### GateA20 Active [Upon Request]

This allows you to set the GA20 option.

[Upon Request] GA20 can be disabled using BIOS services.  
[Always] Do not allow disabling GA20; this option is useful when any RT code is executed above 1MB.

#### Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]

This allows you to set the display mode for option ROM.

Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

#### INT19 Trap Response [Immediate]

This option allows you to control the BIOS reaction on INT19 trapping by Option ROM.

[Immediate] Execute the trap right away.  
[Postponed] Execute the trap during legacy boot.  
[Auto] Allow the system to determine automatically.

#### HDD Connection Order [Adjust]

This option allows you to select the HDD Connection Order. Some OS require HDD handles to be adjusted.

Configuration options: [Adjust] [Keep]

#### Boot Option filter [Legacy only]

This option allows you to control the Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority.  
Configuration options: [UEFI and Legacy] [Legacy only] [UEFI only]

### Network / Storage / Video [Legacy]

This option allows you to control the execution of UEFI and Legacy PXE/ Storage/ Video OpROM.

Configuration options: [UEFI ] [Legacy]

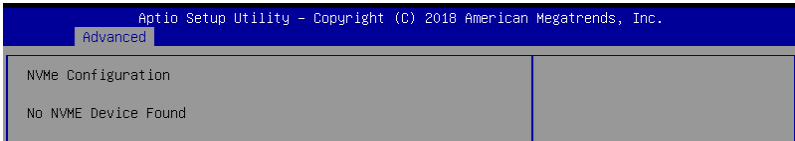
### Other PCI devices [Legacy]

This item determines the OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage, or Video.

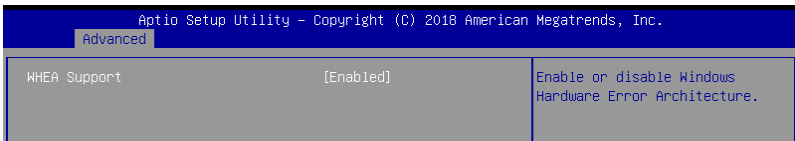
Configuration options: [UEFI ] [Legacy]

## 5.4.14 NVMe Configuration

You may view the NVMe controller and Drive information if an NVMe device is connected.



## 5.4.15 WHEA Configuration



### Whea Support [Enabled]

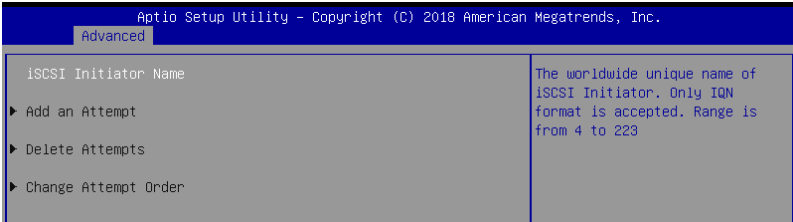
This item allows you to enable or disable the WHEA support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



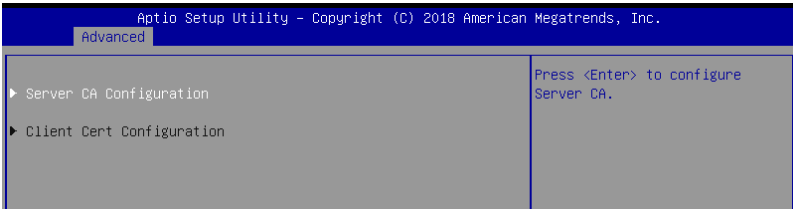
## 5.4.16 iSCSI Configuration

Allows you to configure the iSCSi parameters.



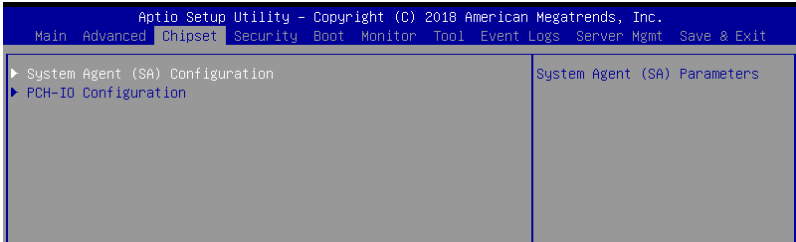
## 5.4.17 Tls Auth Configuration

Allows you to configure the Tls Auth.



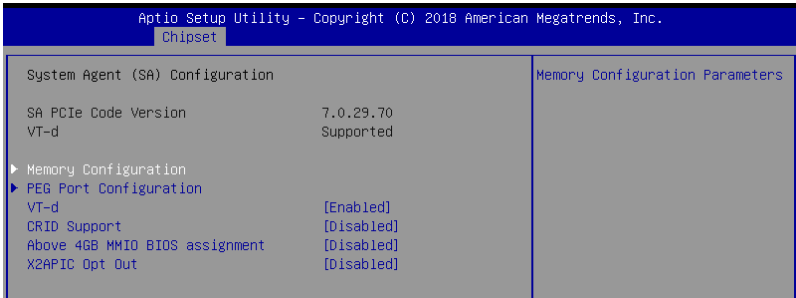
## 5.5 Chipset menu

The Chipset menu allow you to change the platform settings.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Chipset menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

### 5.5.1 System Agent (SA) Configuration



#### Memory Configuration

##### Maximum Memory Frequency [Auto]

Allows you to select the maximum memory frequency setting.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [2133] [2400] [2666]

##### ECC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the ECC support.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

##### Memory Scrambler [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Memory Scrambler.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

##### Fast Boot [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Fast Boot.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## PEG Port Configuration

### PEG 0:1:0

#### Max Link Speed [Auto]

Allows you to set the Max Link Speed.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Gen1] [Gen2] [Gen3]

#### Max Link Width [Auto]

Allows you to set the Max Link Width.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Force X1] [Force X2] [Force X4] [Force X8]

#### Power Down Unused Lanes [Auto]

Allows you to power down unused lanes on the max possible link width.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Enabled]

#### Gen3 Eq Phase 2 [Auto]

Allows you to perform Gen Equalization Phase 2.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### Gen3 Eq Phase 3 Method [Auto]

Allows you to select the Gen3 Eq Phase 3 Method.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Adaptive Hardware Equalization] [Adaptive Software Equalization] [Static Equalization] [Disabled]

#### ASPM [Auto]

Control ASPM support for PEG 0.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [ASPM L0s] [ASPM L1] [ASPM L0sL1]

#### De-emphasis Control [-3.5 dB]

Allows you to configure the De-emphasis Control.

Configuration options: [-6 dB][-3.5 dB]

#### OBFF [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable OBFF.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### LTR [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable LTR.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### PEG0 Slot Power Limit Value [75]

Set the upper limit on power supplied by slot. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value.

The values range from 0 to 255.

#### PEG0 Slot Power Limit Scale [1.0x]

Allows you to select the scale for the Slot Power Limit Value.

Configuration options: [1.0x] [0.1x] [0.01x] [0.001x]

#### PEG0 Physical Slot Number [1]

Allows you to set the physical slot number attached to this Port. The number has to be globally unique within the chassis. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 8191.

### **PEG0 Hotplug [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Express Hot Plug.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **PEG 0:1:1**

#### **Max Link Speed [Auto]**

Allows you to set the Max Link Speed.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [Gen1] [Gen2] [Gen3]

#### **PEG1 Slot Power Limit Value [75]**

Set the upper limit on power supplied by slot. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value.  
The values range from 0 to 255.

#### **PEG1 Slot Power Limit Scale [1.0x]**

Allows you to select the scale for the Slot Power Limit Value.  
Configuration options: [1.0x] [0.1x] [0.01x] [0.001x]

#### **PEG1 Physical Slot Number [2]**

Allows you to set the physical slot number attached to this Port. The number has to be globally unique within the chassis. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 8191.

#### **PEG1 Hotplug [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Express Hot Plug.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **PEG 0:1:2**

#### **Max Link Speed [Auto]**

Allows you to set the Max Link Speed.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [Gen1] [Gen2] [Gen3]

#### **PEG2 Slot Power Limit Value [75]**

Set the upper limit on power supplied by slot. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value.  
The values range from 0 to 255.

#### **PEG2 Slot Power Limit Scale [1.0x]**

Allows you to select the scale for the Slot Power Limit Value.  
Configuration options: [1.0x] [0.1x] [0.01x] [0.001x]

#### **PEG2 Physical Slot Number [3]**

Allows you to set the physical slot number attached to this Port. The number has to be globally unique within the chassis. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 8191.

#### **PEG2 Hotplug [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Express Hot Plug.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## **PEG 0:1:3**

### **PEG3 Slot Power Limit Value [75]**

Set the upper limit on power supplied by slot. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 255.

### **PEG3 Slot Power Limit Scale [1.0x]**

Allows you to select the scale for the Slot Power Limit Value.

Configuration options: [1.0x] [0.1x] [0.01x] [0.001x]

### **PEG3 Physical Slot Number [3]**

Allows you to set the physical slot number attached to this Port. The number has to be globally unique within the chassis. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 8191.

### **PEG3 Hotplug [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Express Hot Plug.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **PEG0 Max Payload size [Auto]**

Allows you to select the PEG0 Max Payload size.

Configuration options: [Auto] [128] [256 TLP]

## **VT-d [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable VT-d capability.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## **CRID Support [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable CRID control for Intel SIPP.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## **Above 4GB MMIO BIOS Assignment [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable above 4 GB memory mapped IO BIOS assignment. This is enabled automatically if the aperture size is set to 2048MB.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you set the **VT-d** to **[Enabled]**.

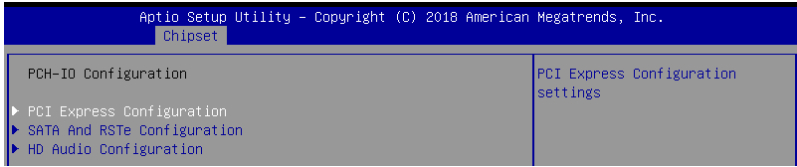
---

### **X2APIC Opt Out [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable X2APIC Opt Out.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 5.5.2 PCH-IO Configuration



### PCI Express Configuration

#### PCI Express Clock Gating [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Express clock gating for each root port.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### DMI Link ASPM Control [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable control of active state power management of DMI link.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Port8xh Decode [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or PCI express port 8xh decode.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### SATA And RSTe Configuration

#### SATA Controller(s) [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA Controller.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you set the **SATA Controller(s)** to **[Enabled]**.

---

#### SATA Mode Selection [AHCI]

Allows you to select the SATA controllers operation.  
Configuration options: [AHCI] [RAID]

#### Serial ATA Port 1-6

##### Port 1-6 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA port.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

##### Hot Plug [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable this port as hot pluggable.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

##### Spin Up Device [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Spin Up Device.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

##### SATA Device Type [Hard Disk Drive]

Allows you to identify the SATA port is connected to a solid state drive or a hard disk drive  
Configuration options: [Hard Disk Drive] [Solid State Drive]

## HD Audio Configuration

### HD Audio [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the HD Audio.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Audio DSP [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Audio DSP.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Audio Link Mode [HD Audio Link]

Allows you to select the audio link mode.  
Configuration options: [HD Audio Link] [SSP (I2S)] [Soundwire] [Advanced Link Config]

### HDA-Link Codec Select [Platform Onboard]

Allows you to select the HDA-Link Codec.  
Configuration options: [Platform Onboard] [External Kit]

### HD Audio Advanced Configuration

#### iDisplay Audio Disconnect [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable iDisplay Audio Disconnect.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Codec Sx Wake Capability [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Codec Sx Wake Capability.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### PME Enable [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PME wake of HD Audio controller during POST.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you set the **Audio Link Mode** to **[Soundwire]**.

---

#### Soundwire Buffer RCOMP Setting [Non-ACT Topology]

This item allows you to select the Soundwire Buffer RCOMP Setting.  
Configuration options: [Non-ACT Topology] [ACT Topology]

#### HD Audio Link Frequency [24 MHz]

Allows you to select the HD Audio Link Frequency.  
Configuration options: [6 MHz] [12 MHz] [24 MHz]

#### iDisplay Audio Link Frequency [96 MHz]

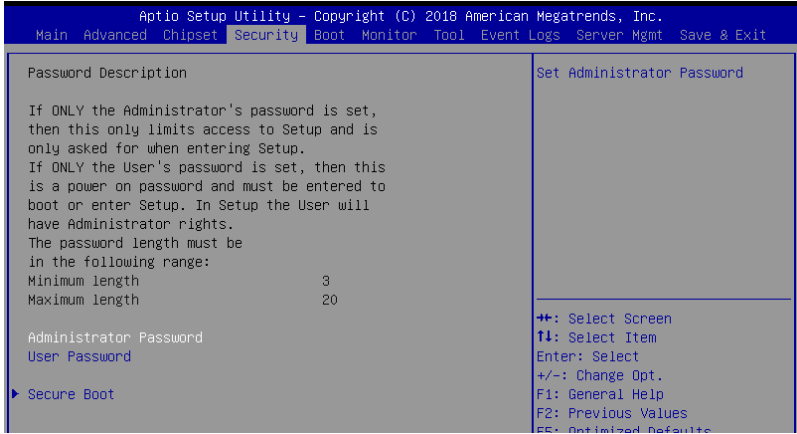
Allows you to select the iDisplay Audio Link Frequency.  
Configuration options: [48 MHz] [96 MHz]

#### iDisplay Audio Link T-Mode [2T Mode]

Allows you to select the iDisplay Audio Link T-Mode.  
Configuration options: [1T Mode][2T Mode]

## 5.6 Security menu

This menu allows a new password to be created or a current password to be changed. The menu also enables or disables the Secure Boot state and lets the user configure the System Mode state.



### Administrator Password

To set an administrator password:

1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
4. Confirm the password when prompted.



To clear the administrator password, follow the same steps as in changing an administrator password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password.



## User Password

To set a user password:

1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change a user password:

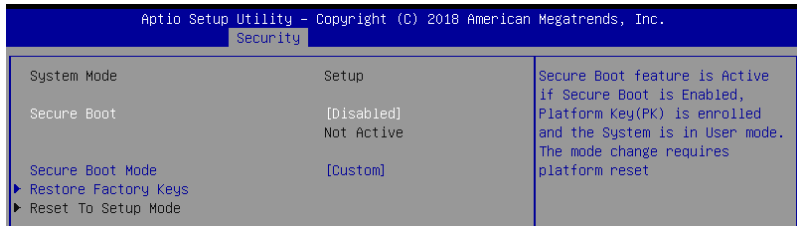
1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear a user password:

1. Select the Clear User Password item and press <Enter>.
2. Select Yes from the Warning message window then press <Enter>.

## Secure Boot

This item allows you to customize the Secure Boot settings.



### Secure Boot [Disabled]

Secure Boot can be enabled if the system is running in User mode with enrolled platform Key (EPK) or if the CSM function is disabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

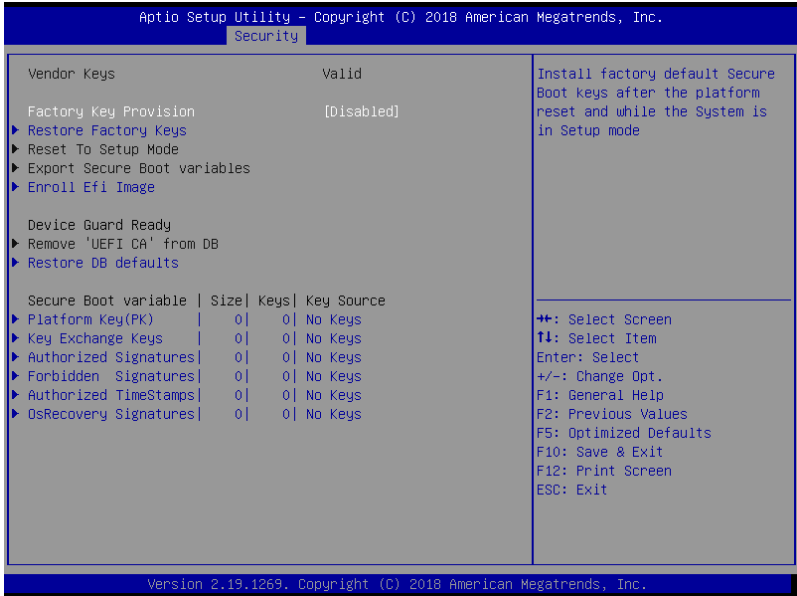
### Secure Boot Mode [Custom]

Allows you to set the Secure Boot selector.

Configuration options: [Custom] [Standard]

## Key Management

This item only appears when the item Secure Boot Mode is set to [Custom]. The Key Management item allows you to modify Secure Boot variables and set Key Management page.



### Factory Key Provision [Disabled]

Allows you to provision factory default Secure Boot keys when the system is in Setup Mode.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Restore Factory keys

This item will install all Factory Default keys.

### Reset to Setup Mode

This item appears only when you load the default Secure Boot keys. This item allows you to clear all default Secure Boot keys.

### Export Secure Boot Variables

This item will ask you if you want to save all secure boot variables. Select Yes if you want to save all secure boot variables, otherwise select No.

### Enroll Efi Image

This item will allow the image to run in Secure Boot mode.

Configuration options: [Set New] [Append]

## Device Guard Ready

### Remove 'UEFI CA' from DB

Remove Microsoft UEFI CA from Secure Boot DB.

### Restore DB defaults

Restore DB variable to factory defaults.

## Platform Key (PK) / Key Exchange Keys (KEK) / Authorized Signatures (DB) / Forbidden Signatures (DBX) / Authorized TimeStamps (DBT) / OsRecovery Signatures

Configuration options: [Erase] [Set New] [Save to File]

## 5.7 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options.



### Setup Prompt Timeout [1]

Allows you to set the number of seconds that the firmware waits before initiating the original default boot selection. 65535(0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value.

### Bootup NumLock State [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock.  
Configuration options: [Off] [On]

### Quiet Boot [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Quiet Boot option.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Boot Option Priorities

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.



- To select the boot device during system startup, press <F8> when ASUS Logo appears.
- To access Windows OS in Safe Mode, please press <F8> after POST.

### Fast Boot [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable boot with initialization of a minimal set of devices required to launch active boot option. This has no effect for BBS boot options.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set the **Quiet Boot** to **[Disabled]**.

### POST Report [5 sec]

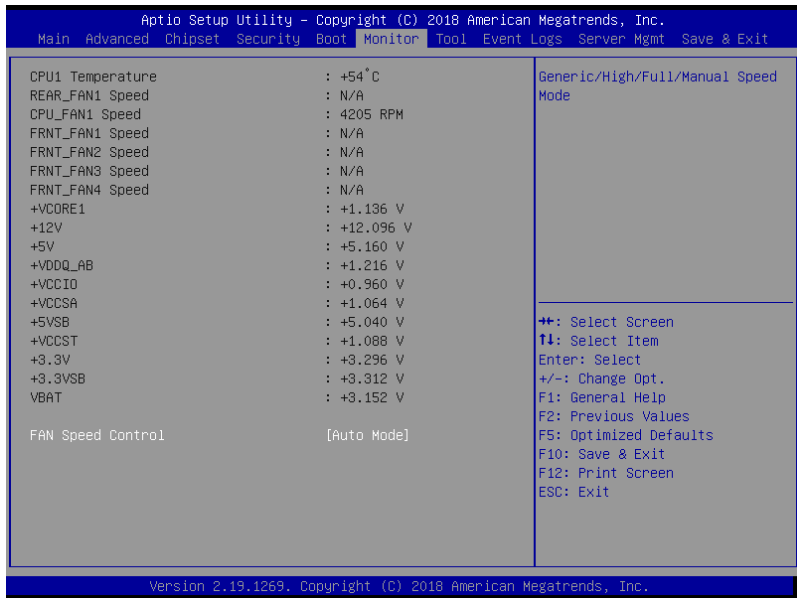
Allows you to set the desired POST Report waiting time from 1 to 10 seconds.  
Configuration options: [1 sec] - [10 sec] [Until Press ESC]

### CD / DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities / Network Device BBS Priorities

These items allow you to set the booting order of the devices.

## 5.8 Monitor menu

This menu displays the system temperature, fan speed, and power status. You can also change the fan settings in this menu.



### Fan Speed Control [Auto Mode]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock.

Configuration options: [Auto Mode] [Full Speed Mode] [Manual Speed Mode]

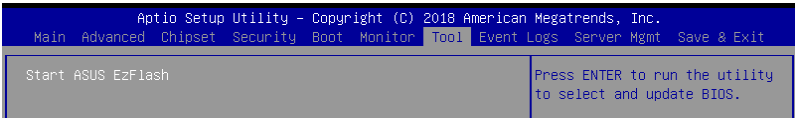


The following item appears only when you set the **Fan Speed Control** to [Manual Speed Mode].

#### REAR\_FAN1 / CPU\_FAN1 / FRNT\_FAN1-4 Duty [50]

Allows you to set the desired POST Report waiting time from 1 to 10 seconds. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 10 to 100.

## 5.9 Tool menu

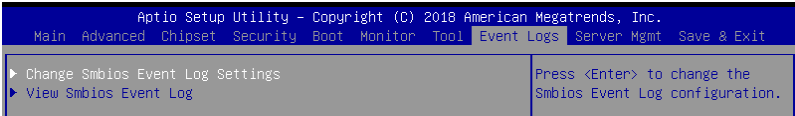


### ASUS EZ Flash

Allows you to run ASUS EZ Flash BIOS ROM Utility when you press <Enter>. Refer to the ASUS EZ Flash Utility section for details.

## 5.10 Event Logs menu

The Event Logs menu items allow you to change the event log settings and view the system event logs.



### 5.10.1 Change Smbios Event Log Settings

Press <Enter> to change the Smbios Event Log configuration.



All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

### Enabling/Disabling Options

#### Smbios Event Log [Enabled]

Change this to enable or disable all features of Smbios Event Logging during boot.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set the **Smbios Event Log** to [Enabled].

### Erasing Settings

#### Erase Event Log [No]

Choose options for erasing Smbios Event Log. Erasing is done prior to any logging activation during reset.

Configuration options: [No] [Yes, Next reset] [Yes, Every reset]

#### When Log is Full [Do Nothing]

Choose options for reacting to a full Smbios Event Log.

Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

### Smbios Event Log Standard Settings

#### Log System Boot Event [Disabled]

This option allows you to enable or disable logging System boot event.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **MECI [1]**

This option allows you to set the number of occurrences of a duplicate event that must pass before the multiple-event counter of log entry is updated. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 255.

### **METW [60]**

This option allows you to set the number of minutes which must pass between duplicate log entries which utilize a multiple-event counter. Use the <+> or <-> to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 99.

### **Custom Options**

#### **Log EFI Status Code [Disabled]**

This option allows you to enable or disable logging of the EFI Status Codes.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Convert EFI Status Codes to Standard Smbios Type [Disabled]**

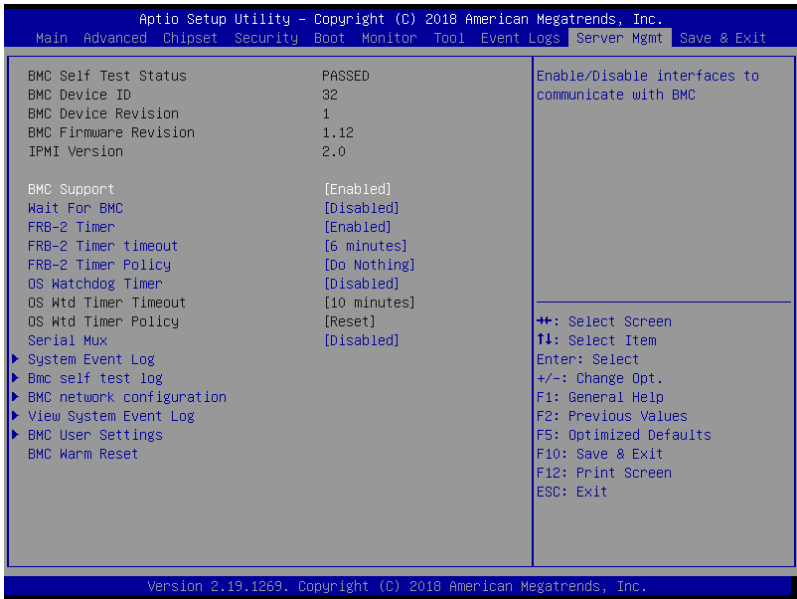
This option allows you to enable or disable converting of EFI Status Codes to Standard Smbios Type (Not all may be translated).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## **5.10.2 View Smbios Event Log**

Press <Enter> to view all smbios event logs.

# 5.11 Server Mgmt menu



## BMC Support [Enabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable interfaces to communicate with BMC.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appear only when the **BMC Support** is set to **[Enabled]**.

### Wait for BMC [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable wait for BMC response for specified time out.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### FRB-2 Timer [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable FRB-2 timer (POST timer).  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### FRB-2 Timer timeout [6 minutes]

Allows you to select the FRB-2 Timer Expiration value.  
Configuration options: [3 minutes] [4 minutes] [5 minutes] [6 minutes]

### FRB-2 Timer Policy [Do Nothing]

Allows you to select the how the system should respond in FRB-2 Timer expires.  
Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Reset] [Power Down] [Power Cycle]



### OS Watchdog Timer [Disabled]

This item allows you to start a BIOS timer which can only be shut off by Management Software after the OS loads.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items are configurable only when the **OS Watchdog Timer** is set to **[Enabled]**.

#### OS Wtd Timer Timeout [10 minutes]

Allows you to configure the length for the OS Boot Watchdog Timer.

Configuration options: [5 minutes] [10 minutes] [15 minutes] [20 minutes]

#### OS Wtd Timer Policy [Reset]

This item allows you to configure the how the system should respond if the OS Boot Watch Timer expires.

Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Reset] [Power Down]

### Serial Mux [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Serial Mux configuration.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### BMC Warm Reset

This item allow you to perform a BMC warm reset.

## 5.11.1 System Event Log

Allows you to change the SEL event log configuration.

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Server Mgmt

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Enabling/Disabling Options<br>SEL Components [Enabled]              | Change this to enable or disable event logging for error/progress codes during boot. |
| Erasing Settings<br>Erase SEL [No]<br>When SEL is Full [Do Nothing] |  |
| Custom EFI Logging Options<br>Log EFI Status Codes [Error code]     |  |

NOTE: All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

++: Select Screen  
↑↓: Select Item  
Enter: Select  
+/-: Change Opt.  
F1: General Help  
F2: Previous Values  
F5: Optimized Defaults  
F10: Save & Exit  
F12: Print Screen  
ESC: Exit

Version 2.19.1269. Copyright (C) 2018 American Megatrends, Inc.

## Enabling/Disabling Options

### SEL Components [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable event logging for error/progress codes during boot.  
Configuration options: [No] [Yes, On next reset] [Yes, On every reset]



- The following items are configurable only when you set SEL Components to **[Enabled]**.
- All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

### Erasing Settings

#### Erase SEL [No]

Allows you to choose options for erasing SEL.  
Configuration options: [No] [Yes, On next reset] [Yes, On every reset]

#### When SEL is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full SEL.  
Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

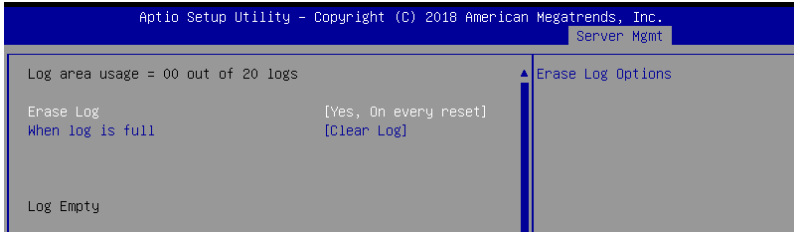
### Custom EFI Logging Options

#### Log EFI Status Codes [Error code]

Allows you to select which codes to log.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Both] [Error code] [Progress code]

## 5.11.2 Bmc self test log

Allows you to change the SEL event log configuration.



#### Erase Log [Yes, On every reset]

Choose options for erasing Smbios Event Log. Erasing is done prior to any logging activation during reset.

Configuration options: [No] [Yes, On every reset]

#### When Log is Full [Clear Log]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full Smbios Event Log.

Configuration options: [Clear Log] [Do not log any more]

## 5.11.3 BMC network configuration

The sub-items in this configuration allow you to configure the BMC network parameters.

```
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Server Mgmt

--BMC network configuration--
*****
Configure IPv4 support
*****

Lan channel 1
Configuration Address source      [Unspecified]
Current Configuration Address     DynamicAddressBmcDhcp
source
Station IP address                0.0.0.0
Subnet mask                      0.0.0.0
Station MAC address              00-e0-18-05-02-c0
Router IP address                0.0.0.0
Router MAC address               00-00-00-00-00-00

Lan channel 2
Configuration Address source      [Unspecified]
Current Configuration Address     DynamicAddressBmcDhcp
source
Station IP address                0.0.0.0
Subnet mask                      0.0.0.0
Station MAC address              00-e0-18-05-02-c1
Router IP address                0.0.0.0
Router MAC address               00-00-00-00-00-00

▲ Select to configure LAN
channel parameters statically
or dynamically (by BIOS or
BMC). Unspecified option will
not modify any BMC network
parameters during BIOS phase

+*: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F5: Optimized Defaults
F10: Save & Exit
F12: Print Screen
ESC: Exit
```

Navigate to the second page of the screen to see the rest of items in this menu by pressing the Up or Down arrow keys.



To quickly go to the last item of the second page, press the **Page Down** button. Press the **Page Up** button to go back to the first item in the first page.

### IPv4

#### Lan channel 1 / Lan channel 2

#### Configuration Address source [Unspecified]

This item allows you to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Unspecified option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase.

Configuration options: [Unspecified] [Static] [DynamicBmcDhcp] [DynamicBmcNonDhcp]

### IPv6

#### Lan channel 1 / Lan channel 2

#### IPv6 Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable LAN1 IPv6 Support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Configuration Address source [Unspecified]

This item allows you to configure LAN channel parameters statistically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Unspecified option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase.

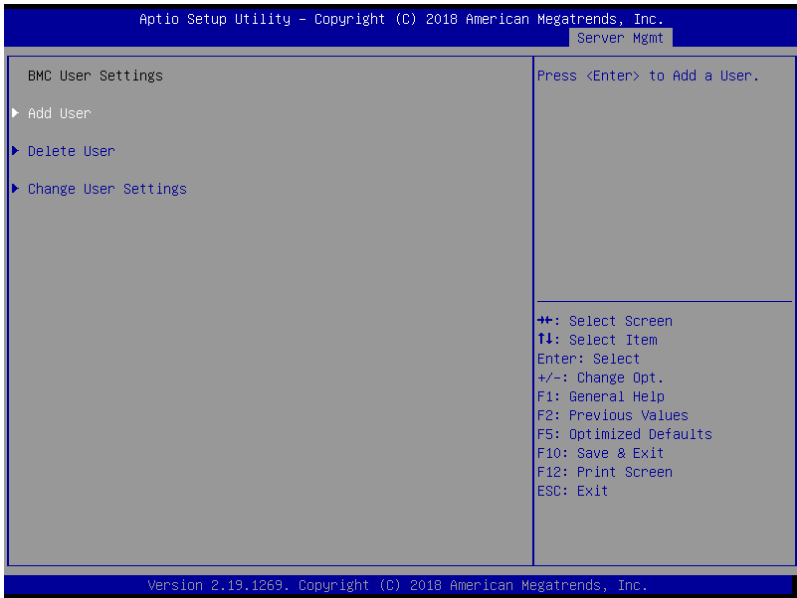
Configuration options: [Unspecified] [Static] [DynamicBmcDhcp]

### 5.11.4 View System Event Log

This item allows you to view the system event log records.

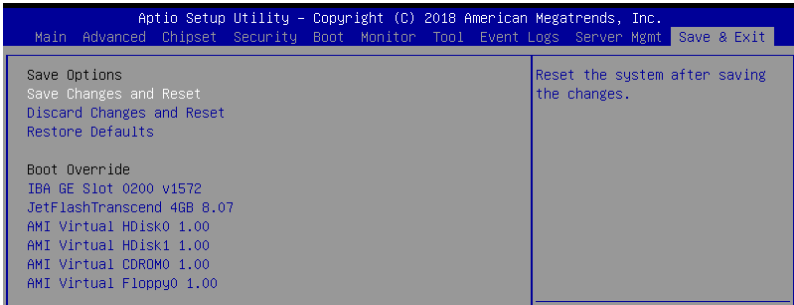
### 5.11.5 BMC User Settings

The sub-items in this configuration allow you to add, delete, or change BMC user settings.



## 5.12 Save & Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

### Save Changes and Reset

Exit System setup after saving the changes.

### Discard Changes and Exit

Exit System setup without saving any changes.

### Restore Defaults

Restore/load default values for all the setup options.

### Boot Override

These items displays the available devices. The device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Click an item to start booting from the selected device.



# **RAID Configuration**

# 6

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating, and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

## 6.1 Setting up RAID

The motherboard supports the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise Option ROM Utility with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 support.

### 6.1.1 RAID definitions

**RAID 0 (Data striping)** optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

**RAID 1 (Data mirroring)** copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

**RAID 10** is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

**RAID 5** stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.



---

If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support DVD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.

---



## 6.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system user guide.
2. Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

## 6.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by Intel® C242 chipset.

To do this:

1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
2. Go to the **Chipset Menu > PCH-IO Configuration > SATA And RSTe Configuration**, then press <Enter>.
3. Set **SATA Mode Selection** to **[RAID]**.
4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS Setup.



---

Refer to Chapter 5 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

---

## 6.2 Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM Utility

The Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.



Before you proceed, ensure that you have installed the Serial ATA hard disk drives, and have set the correct SATA mode in the BIOS setup.

To launch the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility:

1. Turn on the system.
2. During POST, press <Ctrl>+<I> to display the utility main menu.

```
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.6.0.1023
Copyright(C) 2003-12 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

[ MAIN MENU ]
1. Create RAID Volume
2. Delete RAID Volume
3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
4. Exit

[ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION ]

RAID Volumes:
None defined.

Physical Disks:
ID Drive Model Serial # Size Type/Status (Vol ID)
0 ST3300656SS HNAS0000991753TR 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk
1 ST3300656SS 37VN00009846RAJ1 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk
2 ST3300656SS 397600009846UEDY 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk
3 ST3300656SS GWC50000991756G6 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk

[↑↓]-Select [ESC]-Exit [ENTER]-Select Menu
```

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.

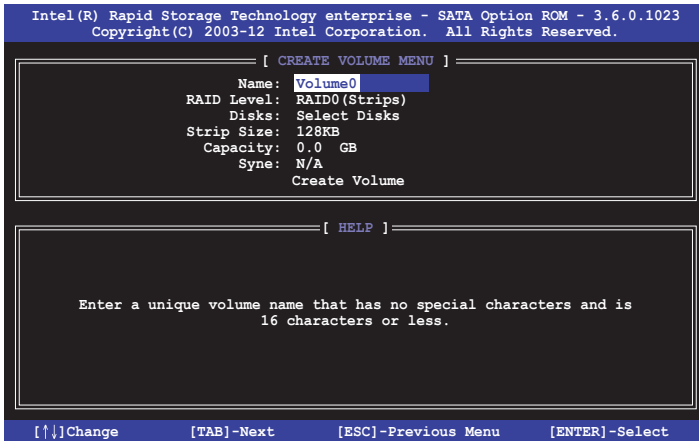


The RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.

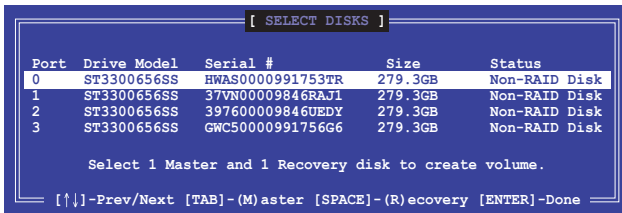
## 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>.
2. Key in a name for the RAID set and press <Enter>.



3. Press the up/down arrow keys to select a RAID Level that you wish to create then press <Enter>.
4. From the **Disks** item field, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives that you want to include in the RAID set.



5. Use the up/down arrow keys to move the selection bar then press <Space> to select a disk. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done.

6. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only) then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values:  
RAID 0: 128KB  
RAID 10: 64KB  
RAID 5: 64KB

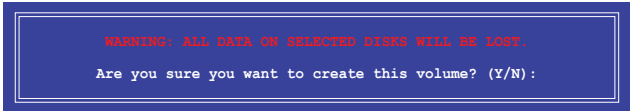


---

We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

---

7. In the **Capacity** field item, key in the RAID volume capacity that you want to use and press <Enter>. The default value field indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
8. Press <Enter> to start creating the RAID volume.
9. From the following warning message, press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or press <N> to go back to the **CREATE VOLUME** menu.



## 6.2.2 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

To delete a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **2. Delete RAID Volume** and press <Enter>.
2. From the Delete Volume Menu, press the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set you want to delete then press <Del>.

```
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.6.0.1023
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----- [ DELETE VOLUME MENU ] -----

Name      Level      Drives    Capacity  Status    Bootable
Volume0   RAID0 (Stripe)  2         298.0GB   Normal    Yes

----- [ HELP ] -----

Deleting a volume will reset the disks to non-RAID

WARNING: ALL DISK DATA WILL BE DELETED.
(This does not apply to Recovery volumes)

[↑,↓]-Select      [ESC]-Previous Menu      [DEL]-Delete Volume
```

3. Press <Y> to confirm deletion of the selected RAID set and return to the utility main menu, or press <N> to return to the **DELETE VOLUME** menu.

```
[ DELETE VOLUME VERIFICATION ]

ALL DATA IN THE VOLUME WILL BE LOST!
(This does not apply to Recovery volumes)

Are you sure you want to delete volume "Volume0"? (Y/N):
```

## 6.2.3 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

To reset a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID** and press <Enter>.
2. Press the up/down arrow keys to select the drive(s) or disks of the RAID set you want to reset, then press <Space>. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done.

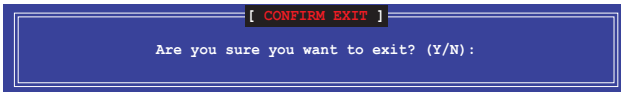
```
[ RESET RAID DATA ]
Resetting RAID disk will remove its RAID structures
and revert it to a non-RAID disk.
WARNING: Resetting a disk causes all data on the disk to be lost.
(This does not apply to Recovery volumes)
Port  Drive Model  Serial #      Size      Status
---  -
0     ST3300656SS   HWAS0000991753TR  279.3GB  Member Disk
1     ST3300656SS   37VN00009846RAJ1  279.3GB  Member Disk
Select the disks that should be reset.
[↑↓]-Previous/Next [SPACE]-Selects [ENTER]-Selection Complete
```

3. Press <Y> in the confirmation window to reset the drive(s) or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

## 6.2.4 Exiting the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility

To exit the utility:

1. From the utility main menu, select **4. Exit** then press <Enter>.
2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.



## 6.2.5 Rebuilding the RAID



---

This option is only for the RAID 1 set.

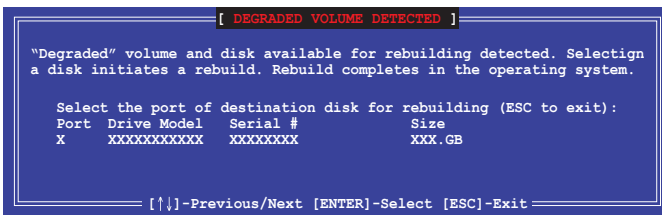
---

### Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID 1 array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as **"Degraded"** during POST. You can rebuild the RAID array with other installed non-RAID disks.

To rebuild the RAID with other non-RAID disk:

1. During POST, press <Ctrl>+<I> at the prompt to enter the Intel Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility.
2. If there is a non-RAID SATA Hard Disk available, the utility will prompt you to rebuild the RAID. Press the up/down arrow keys to select the destination disk then Press <Enter> to start the rebuilding process, or press <ESC> to exit.



---

Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

---

- The utility immediately starts rebuilding after the disk is selected. When done, the status of the degraded RAID volume is changed to **“Rebuild”**.

```

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.6.0.1023
Copyright(C) 2003-12 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

----- [ MAIN MENU ] -----
  1. Create RAID Volume          3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
  2. Delete RAID Volume         4. Exit

----- [ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION ] -----

RAID Volumes:
ID  Name      Levell      Strip      Size      *Data is Encrypted
1   Volume0   RAID1(Mirror) N/A       149.0GB   Rebuild    Yes

Physical Devices:
Port  Drive Model  Serial #      Size      Type/Status(Vol ID)
1     ST3160812AS  9LS0F4HL     149.0GB  Member Disk(0)
2     ST3160812AS  3LS0JYL8     149.0GB  Member Disk(0)

Volumes with "Rebuild" status will be rebuilt within the operating system.

[↑↓]-Select      [ESC]-Exit      [ENTER]-Select Menu

```

- Press <Esc> to exit Intel Rapid Storage Technology and reboot the system.
- Select **Start > Programs > Intel Rapid Storage > Intel Rapid Storage Console** or click the **Intel Rapid Storage Technology** tray icon to load the Intel Rapid Storage Manager utility.
- From the **View** menu, select **Advanced Mode** to display the details of the Intel Rapid Storage Console.
- From the **Volumes view** option, select **RAID volume** to view the rebuilding status. When finished, the status is changed to **“Normal”**.

### Rebuilding the RAID with a new hard disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as **“Degraded”** during POST. You may replace the disk drive and rebuild the RAID array.

To rebuild the RAID with a new hard disk:

- Remove the failed SATA hard disk and install a new SATA hard disk of the same specification into the same SATA Port.




---

Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

---

- Reboot the system then follow the steps in section **Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk**.



## 6.2.6 Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility

You can set the boot priority sequence in the BIOS for your RAID arrays when creating multi-RAID using the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility.

To set the boot array in the BIOS:



---

Set at least one of the arrays bootable to boot from the hard disk.

---

1. Reboot the system and press <Del> to enter the BIOS setup utility during POST.
2. Go to the **Boot** menu and select the boot option priority.
3. Use up/down arrow keys to select the boot priority and press <Enter>. See the **Boot menu** section of Chapter 4 for more details.
4. From the **Exit** menu, select **Save Changes & Exit**, then press <Enter>.
5. When the confirmation window appears, select **Yes**, then press <Enter>.

### 6.3 Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise (Windows)

The Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.

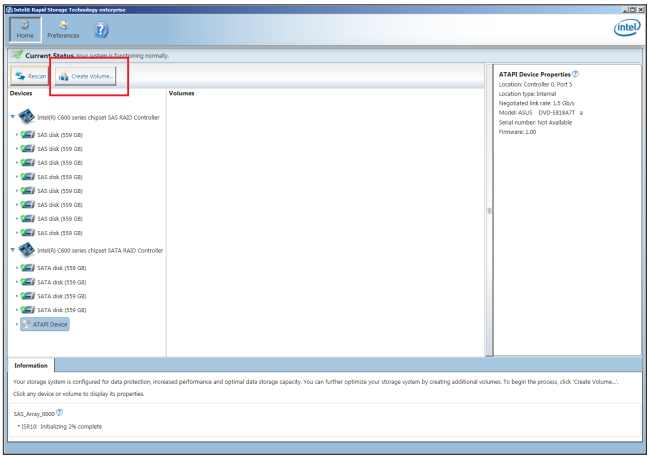


You need to manually install the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility on a Windows® operating system. Please refer to the installation instructions in Chapter 7.

To enter the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility under Windows operating system:

1. Turn on the system and go to the windows desktop.
2. Click the **Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise** icon to display the main menu.

Your storage system is configured for data protection, increased performance and optimal data storage capacity. You can create additional volumes to further optimize your storage system.

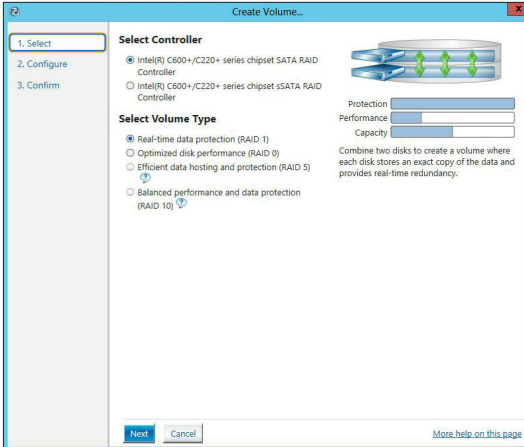


You can click **Rescan** to re-scan any attached hard disks.

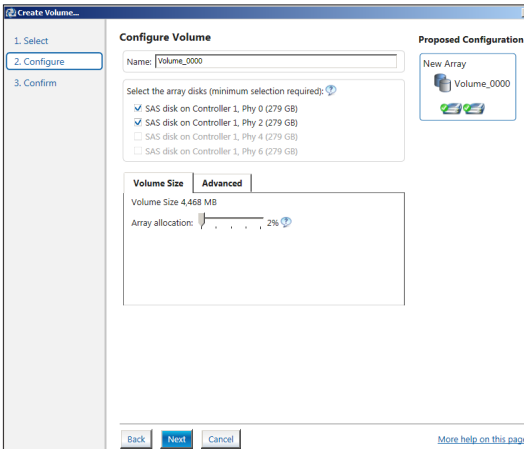
## 6.3.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **Create Volume** and select volume type.
2. Click **Next**.



3. Enter a name for the RAID set, then select the array disks.
4. Select **Volume Size** tab, you can drag the bar to decide the volume size.
5. Click **Next**.

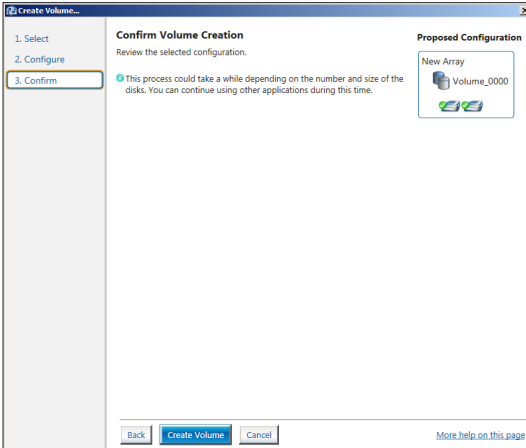


- If you do not want to keep the data on one of the selected disks, select **NO** when prompted.
- If you want to **Enable volume write-back cache** or **Initialize volume**, click **Advanced**.

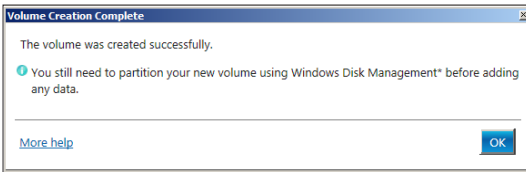
6. Confirm the volume creation, then click **Create Volume** to continue.



This process could take a while depending on the number and size of the disks. You can continue using other applications during this time.

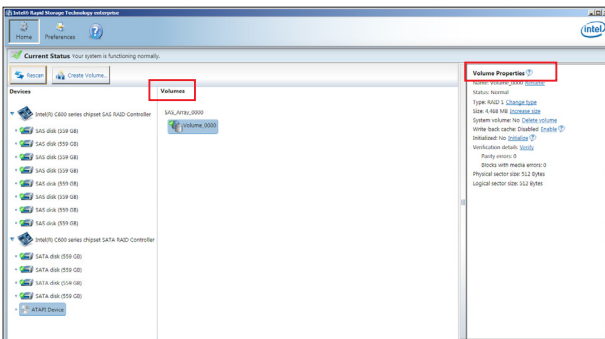


7. Wait until the process is completed, then click **OK** when prompted.



You still need to partition your new volume using Windows Disk Management before adding any data.

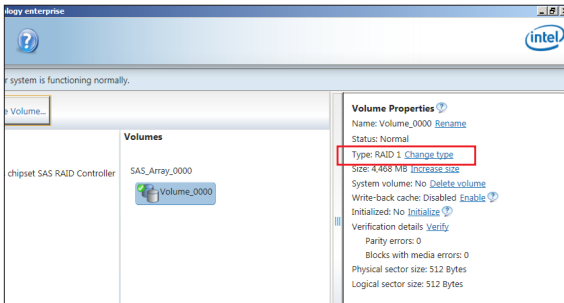
The RAID set is displayed in the **Volumes** list and you can change the settings in **Volume Properties**.



## 6.3.2 Changing a Volume Type

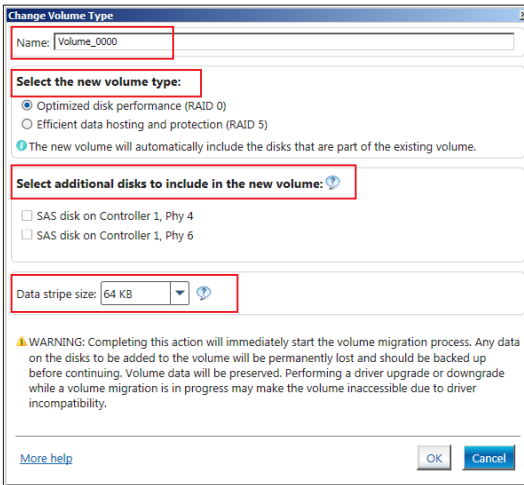
To change the volume type in **Volume Properties**:

1. Click the SATA array items you want to change in **Volumes** field.
2. From the **Volume Properties** field, select **Type:RAID 1 Change type**.



3. You can change the **Name**, **Select the new volume type**, and **Select additional disks to include in the new volume** if needed.
4. Select the **Data stripe size** for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only), and click **OK**. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values:

RAID 0:        128KB  
RAID 10:       64KB  
RAID 5:        64KB



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

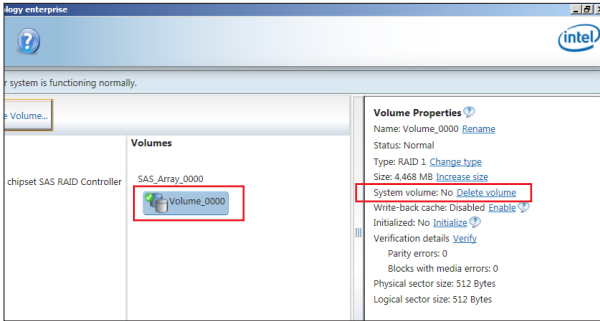
### 6.3.3 Deleting a volume



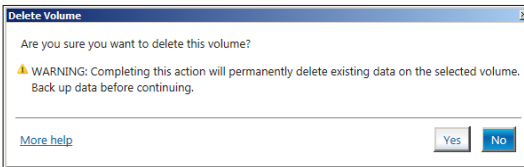
Be cautious when deleting a volume. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives. Before you proceed, ensure that you back up all your important data from your hard drives.

To delete a volume:

1. From the utility main menu, select the volume (exp. Volume\_0000) in **Volumes** field you want to delete.



2. Select **Delete volume** in **Volume Properties** field. The following screen appears.

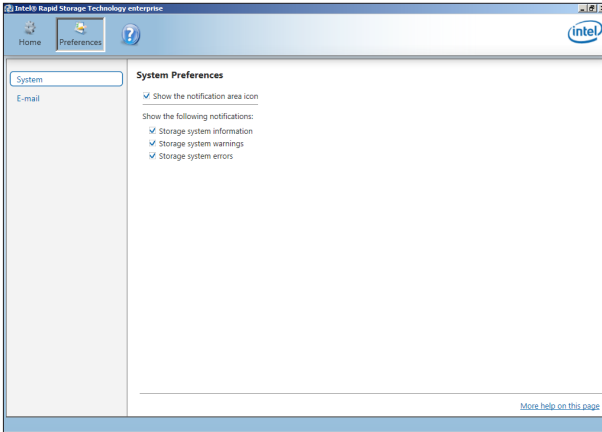


3. Click **Yes** to delete the volume and return to the utility main menu, or click **No** to return to the main menu.

## 6.3.4 Preferences

### System Preferences

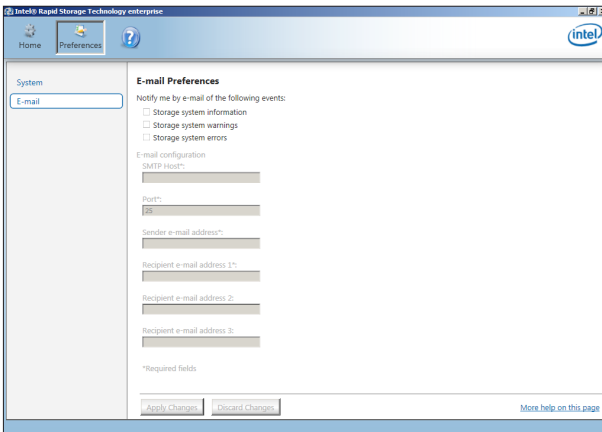
Allow you to set to show the notification area icon and show system information, warning, or errors here.



### E-Mail Preferences

Allow you to set to sent e-mail of the following events:

- Storage system information
- Storage system warnings
- Storage system errors







# Driver Installation

# 7

This chapter provides the instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components in both Linux<sup>®</sup> and Windows<sup>®</sup> Operating Systems.

## 7.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides the instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

### 7.1.1 Creating a USB flash drive with RAID drive

When installing Windows® Server OS, you can load the RAID driver from a USB flash drive. You can create a USB flash drive with RAID driver in Windows by copying the files from the support DVD to the USB flash drive.

To copy the RAID driver to a USB flash drive in Windows environment:

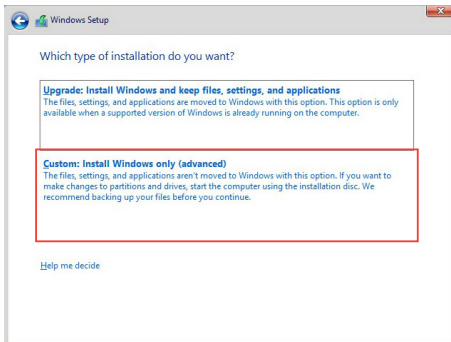
1. Place the motherboard support DVD in the optical drive.
2. Connect a USB flash drive to your system.
3. Click on the optical drive to browse the contents of the support DVD.
4. Click **Drivers > C24x INTEL RAID > Driver > Windows** and then copy the RAID driver folder to the USB flash drive.

### 7.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

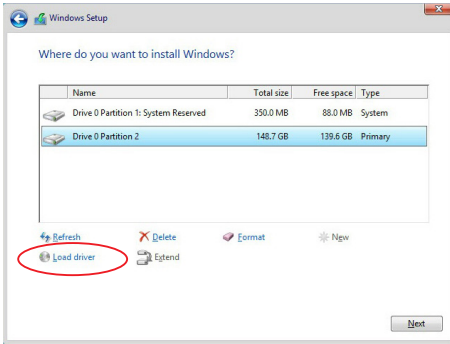
#### During Windows® Server 2012 R2 or 2016 OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server OS:

1. Boot the computer using the Windows® Server installation disc. Follow the onscreen instructions to start installing Windows® Server.
2. When prompted to choose a type of installation, click **Custom: Install Windows only (advanced)**.

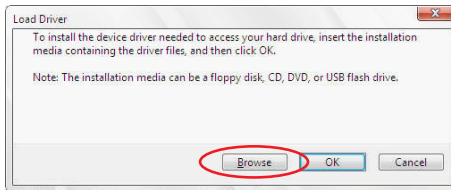


3. Click **Load Driver**.



4. A message appears reminding you to insert the installation media containing the driver of the RAID controller driver (the installation media can be a CD, DVD, or USB flash drive).
- If you have only one optical drive installed in your system, eject the Windows OS installation disc and replace with the motherboard Support DVD into the optical drive.
  - Or you may connect a USB flash drive containing the RAID controller driver.

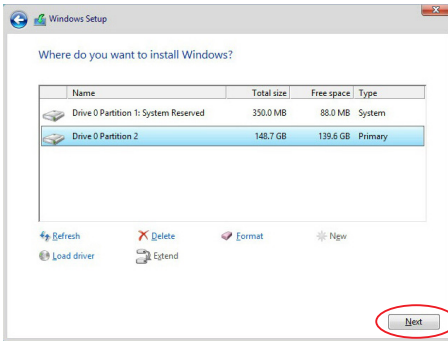
Click **Browse** to continue.



5. Locate the driver in the corresponding folder of the Support DVD or USB flash drive and then click **OK** to continue.
6. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list and click **Next**.

7. When the system finishes loading the RAID driver,
  - Replace the motherboard Support DVD with the Windows Server installation disc.
  - Remove the USB flash drive.

Select the drive to install Windows and click **Next**.



8. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow the onscreen instructions to continue.

## 7.2 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that is bundled with your motherboard contains drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to maximize the features of your motherboard.



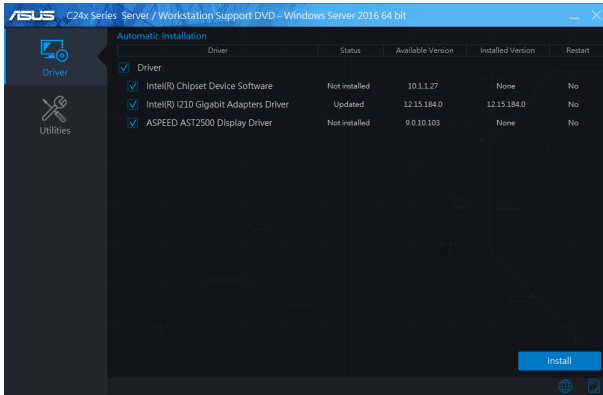
- The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) for the latest updates on software and utilities.
- The support DVD is supported on Windows® Server 2012 R2 and Windows® Server 2016.

## 7.3 Running the Support DVD

When you place the support DVD into the optical drive, the DVD automatically displays the main screen if Autorun is enabled in your computer. By default, the Drivers tab is displayed.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **Setup.exe**. Double-click the **Setup.exe** to run the support DVD.



Onscreen display and content vary depending on the motherboard and chipset. The screenshots are provided for reference only.

# 7.4 Installing the system drivers

This section provides the instructions on how to install the system drivers. You will need to manually install the system drivers on a Windows® operating system.

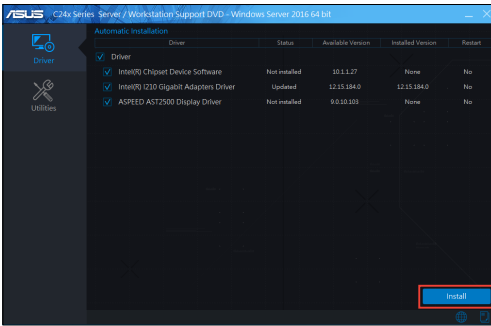
To install the system drivers:

1. Restart the computer, and then log on with **Administrator** privileges.
2. Insert the support DVD into the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Driver** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.

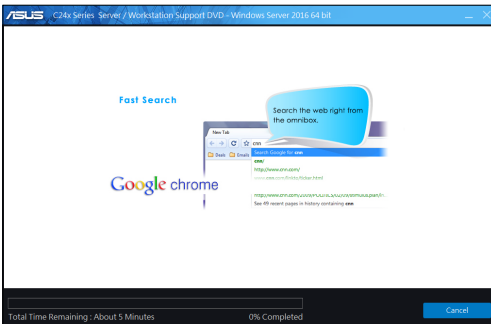


If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **Setup.exe**. Double-click the **Setup.exe** to run the support DVD.

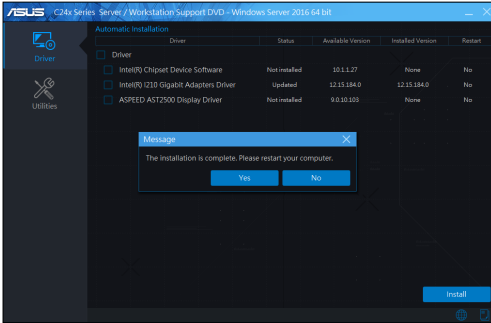
3. Check the drivers that you would like to install, then select **Install**.



4. The installation window appears.



5. Follow the onscreen instructions to complete the installation.



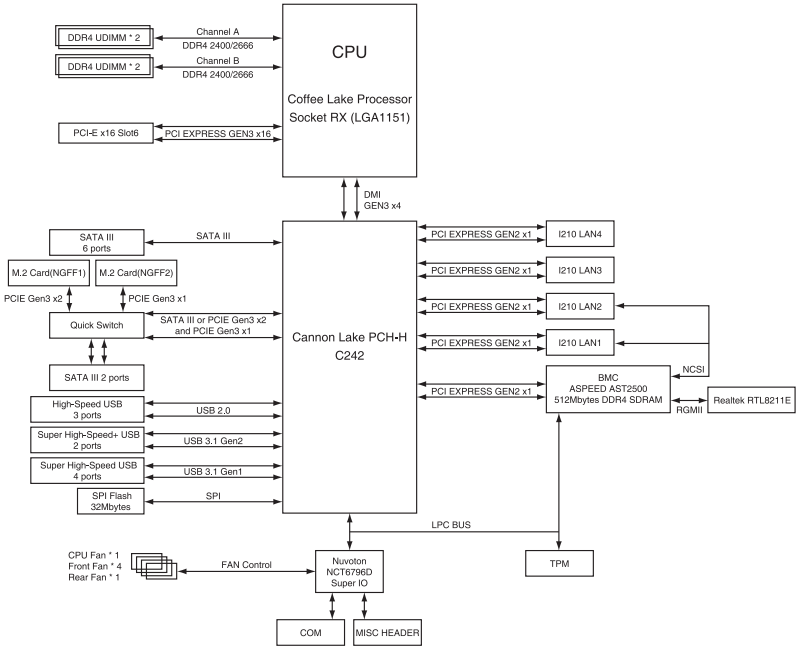




# Appendix

This appendix includes additional information that you may refer to when configuring the motherboard.

# P11C-C/4L/SYS block diagram



## Q-Code table

| Code    | Description   |
|---------|---|
| 00      | Not used  |
| 02      | microcode   |
| 03      | CACHE_ENABLED   |
| 04      | PCH initialization  |
| 06      | CPU_EARLY_INIT  |
| 10      | PEI Core is started   |
| 11 – 14 | Pre-memory CPU initialization is started                                      |
| 15 – 18 | Pre-memory System Agent initialization is started                             |
| 19 – 1C | Pre-memory PCH initialization is started                                      |
| 2B – 2F | Memory initialization   |
| 30      | Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)                         |
| 31      | Memory Installed  |
| 32 – 36 | CPU post-memory initialization  |
| 37 – 3A | Post-Memory System Agent initialization is started                            |
| 3B – 3E | Post-Memory PCH initialization is started                                     |
| 4F      | DXE IPL is started  |
| 50 – 53 | Memory initialization error. Invalid memory type or incompatible memory speed |
| 4F      | DXE IPL is started  |
| 54      | Unspecified memory initialization error                                       |
| 55      | Memory not installed  |
| 56      | Invalid CPU type or Speed   |
| 57      | CPU mismatch  |
| 58      | CPU self test failed or possible CPU cache error                              |
| 59      | CPU micro-code is not found or micro-code update is failed                    |
| 5A      | Internal CPU error  |
| 5B      | Reset PPI is not available  |
| 5C – 5F | Reserved for future AMI error codes   |
| E0      | S3 Resume is started (S3 Resume PPI is called by the DXE IPL)                 |
| E1      | S3 Boot Script execution  |
| E2      | Video repost  |
| E3      | OS S3 wake vector call  |
| E4 – E7 | Reserved for future AMI progress codes  |
| E8      | S3 Resume Failed  |
| E9      | S3 Resume PPI not Found   |
| EA      | S3 Resume Boot Script Error   |
| EB      | S3 OS Wake Error  |
| EC – EF | Reserved for future AMI error codes   |
| F0      | Recovery condition triggered by firmware (Auto recovery)                      |
| F1      | Recovery condition triggered by user (Forced recovery)                        |
| F2      | Recovery process started  |
| F3      | Recovery firmware image is found  |
| F4      | Recovery firmware image is loaded   |
| F5 – F7 | Reserved for future AMI progress codes  |
| F8      | Recovery PPI is not available   |
| F9      | Recovery capsule is not found   |

*(continued on the next page)*

| Code    | Description  |
|---------|--|
| FA      | Invalid recovery capsule                                       |
| FB – FF | Reserved for future AMI error codes                            |
| 60      | DXE Core is started  |
| 61      | NVRAM initialization   |
| 62      | Installation of the PCH Runtime Services                       |
| 63 – 67 | CPU DXE initialization is started                              |
| 68      | PCI host bridge initialization                                 |
| 69      | System Agent DXE initialization is started                     |
| 6A      | System Agent DXE SMM initialization is started                 |
| 6B – 6F | System Agent DXE initialization (System Agent module specific) |
| 70      | PCH DXE initialization is started                              |
| 71      | PCH DXE SMM initialization is started                          |
| 72      | PCH devices initialization                                     |
| 73 – 77 | PCH DXE Initialization (PCH module specific)                   |
| 78      | ACPI module initialization                                     |
| 79      | CSM initialization   |
| 7A – 7F | Reserved for future AMI DXE codes                              |
| 90      | Boot Device Selection (BDS) phase is started                   |
| 91      | Driver connecting is started                                   |
| 92      | PCI Bus initialization is started                              |
| 93      | PCI Bus Hot Plug Controller Initialization                     |
| 94      | PCI Bus Enumeration  |
| 95      | PCI Bus Request Resources                                      |
| 96      | PCI Bus Assign Resources                                       |
| 97      | Console Output devices connect                                 |
| 98      | Console input devices connect                                  |
| 99      | Super IO Initialization  |
| 9A      | USB initialization is started                                  |
| 9B      | USB Reset  |
| 9C      | USB Detect   |
| 9D      | USB Enable   |
| 9E – 9F | Reserved for future AMI codes                                  |
| A0      | IDE initialization is started                                  |
| A1      | IDE Reset  |
| A2      | IDE Detect   |
| A3      | IDE Enable   |
| A4      | SCSI initialization is started                                 |
| A5      | SCSI Reset   |
| A6      | SCSI Detect  |
| A7      | SCSI Enable  |
| A8      | Setup Verifying Password                                       |
| A9      | Start of Setup   |
| AA      | Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)          |
| AB      | Setup Input Wait   |

(continued on the next page)

| Code   | Description   |
|--------|---|
| AC     | Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below) |
| AD     | Ready To Boot event                                   |
| AE     | Legacy Boot event                                     |
| AF     | Exit Boot Services event                              |
| B0     | Runtime Set Virtual Address MAP Begin                 |
| B1     | Runtime Set Virtual Address MAP End                   |
| B2     | Legacy Option ROM Initialization                      |
| B3     | System Reset  |
| B4     | USB hot plug  |
| B5     | PCI bus hot plug                                      |
| B6     | Clean-up of NVRAM                                     |
| B7     | Configuration Reset (reset of NVRAM settings)         |
| B8– BF | Reserved for future AMI codes                         |
| D0     | CPU initialization error                              |
| D1     | System Agent initialization error                     |
| D2     | PCH initialization error                              |
| D3     | Some of the Architectural Protocols are not available |
| D4     | PCI resource allocation error. Out of Resources       |
| D5     | No Space for Legacy Option ROM                        |
| D6     | No Console Output Devices are found                   |
| D7     | No Console Input Devices are found                    |
| D8     | Invalid password                                      |
| D9     | Error loading Boot Option (LoadImage returned error)  |
| DA     | Boot Option is failed (StartImage returned error)     |
| DB     | Flash update is failed                                |
| DC     | Reset protocol is not available                       |

#### ACPI/ASL Checkpoints (under OS)

| Code | Description   |
|------|---|
| 03   | System is entering S3 sleep state   |
| 04   | System is entering S4 sleep state   |
| 05   | System is entering S5 sleep state   |
| 30   | System is waking up from the S3 sleep state                                   |
| 40   | System is waking up from the S4 sleep state                                   |
| AC   | System has transitioned into ACPI mode. Interrupt controller is in PIC mode.  |
| AA   | System has transitioned into ACPI mode. Interrupt controller is in APIC mode. |

# Notices

## Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



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The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

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## Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.



DO NOT throw the motherboard in municipal waste. This product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.



DO NOT throw the mercury-containing button cell battery in municipal waste. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the battery should not be placed in municipal waste.

## Australia statement notice

From 1 January 2012 updated warranties apply to all ASUS products, consistent with the Australian Consumer Law. For the latest product warranty details please visit <https://www.asus.com/support/>. Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.

If you require assistance please call ASUS Customer Service 1300 2787 88 or visit us at <https://www.asus.com/support/>.

## Japan statement notice

This product cannot be directly connected to the Internet (including public wireless LAN) of a telecom carrier (mobile network companies, landline network companies, Internet providers, etc.). When connecting this product to the Internet, be sure to connect it through a router or switch.

## Declaration of compliance for product environmental regulation

ASUS follows the green design concept to design and manufacture our products, and makes sure that each stage of the product life cycle of ASUS product is in line with global environmental regulations. In addition, ASUS disclose the relevant information based on regulation requirements.

Please refer to <http://csr.asus.com/Compliance.htm> for information disclosure based on regulation requirements ASUS is complied with:

## EU REACH and Article 33

Complying with the REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals) regulatory framework, we published the chemical substances in our products at ASUS REACH website at <http://csr.asus.com/english/REACH.htm>.

## **EU RoHS**

This product complies with the EU RoHS Directive. For more details, see <http://csr.asus.com/english/article.aspx?id=35>

## **Japan JIS-C-0950 Material Declarations**

Information on Japan RoHS (JIS-C-0950) chemical disclosures is available on <http://csr.asus.com/english/article.aspx?id=19>

## **India RoHS**

This product complies with the “India E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016” and prohibits use of lead, mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs) and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs) in concentrations exceeding 0.1% by weight in homogenous materials and 0.01% by weight in homogenous materials for cadmium, except for the exemptions listed in Schedule II of the Rule.

## **Vietnam RoHS**

ASUS products sold in Vietnam, on or after September 23, 2011, meet the requirements of the Vietnam Circular 30/2011/TT-BCT.

Các sản phẩm ASUS bán tại Việt Nam, vào ngày 23 tháng 9 năm 2011 trở về sau, đều phải đáp ứng các yêu cầu của Thông tư 30/2011/TT-BCT của Việt Nam.

## **Turkey RoHS**

AEEE Yönetmeliğine Uygundur

## **ASUS Recycling/Takeback Services**

ASUS recycling and takeback programs come from our commitment to the highest standards for protecting our environment. We believe in providing solutions for you to be able to responsibly recycle our products, batteries, other components as well as the packaging materials. Please go to <http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm> for detailed recycling information in different regions.

## **Ecodesign Directive**

European Union announced a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (2009/125/EC). Specific Implementing Measures are aimed at improving environmental performance of specific products or across multiple product types. ASUS provides product information on the CSR website. The further information could be found at <https://csr.asus.com/english/article.aspx?id=1555>.



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